UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period O	
$\hfill\Box$ Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the S	SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period from	n to
Commission File	Number: 0-21393
SEACHANGE INTE	CRNATIONAL, INC.
(Exact name of registrant	•
Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	04-3197974 (IRS Employer Identification No.)
50 Nagog Park, A (Address of principal executiv	
Registrant's telephone number, in	cluding area code: (978) 897-0100
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file su days. YES \boxtimes NO \square	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and possubmitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T ($\S232.405$ of this chapter) required to submit and post such files). YES \boxtimes NO \square	
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accele of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule	erated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.
Large accelerated filer □	Accelerated filer ⊠
Non-accelerated filer □	Smaller reporting company \square
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b	o-2 of the Exchange Act.): YES□ NO ⊠

SEACHANGE INTERNATIONAL, INC.

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Unaudited Financial Statements

SEACHANGE INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(unaudited, amounts in thousands, except share data)

		ctober 31, 2012	J:	January 31, 2012	
Assets					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	85,058	\$	80,585	
Restricted cash		2,123		1,200	
Marketable securities	_	2,045		7,855	
Accounts and other receivables, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$907 and \$972 at October 31, 2012 and January 3	1,				
2012, respectively		45,817		42,811	
Unbilled receivables				3,963	
Inventories		7,606		10,218	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		8,415		5,970	
Assets held for sale		465		646	
Deferred tax assets		1,695		2,065	
Current assets related to discontinued operations		152.224		14,206	
Total current assets		153,224		169,519	
Property and equipment, net		19,464		20,162	
Marketable securities, long-term		10,743		4,140	
Investments in affiliates		2,881		3,013	
Intangible assets, net Goodwill		18,488		22,432	
		44,129		44,414	
Other assets		1,315		1,515	
Non-current assets related to discontinued operations	•		_	33,657	
Total assets	\$	250,244	\$	298,852	
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	5,857	\$	8,214	
Other accrued expenses		15,053		13,345	
Customer deposits		784		3,067	
Deferred revenues		26,707		31,097	
Current liabilities related to discontinued operations		<u> </u>		10,805	
Total current liabilities		48,401		66,528	
Deferred revenue, long-term		2,639		4,638	
Other liabilities, long-term		1,500		8,464	
Taxes payable, long-term		2,694		3,043	
Deferred tax liabilities, long-term		3,645		4,502	
Non-current liabilities related to discontinued operations				739	
Total liabilities		58,879		87,914	
Commitments and contingencies (Note 7)					
Stockholders' equity:					
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000,000 shares authorized; 32,145,251 and 32,534,444 shares issued; 32,105,467 and					
32,494,660 shares outstanding, respectively		322		326	
Additional paid-in capital		212,003		213,880	
Treasury stock, at cost; 39,784 and 39,784 common shares, respectively		(1)		(1)	
Accumulated (loss) income		(17,786)		6,507	
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(3,173)		(9,774)	
Total stockholders' equity		191,365		210,938	
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	250,244	\$	298,852	
1 2	Ψ	200,217	Ψ	-70,002	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited, consolidated financial statements.

SEACHANGE INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(unaudited, amounts in thousands, except per share data)

		Three Mor Octob		nded		Nine Mon Octob	ded	
	2	012		2011		2012		2011
Revenues:								
Products	\$	15,213	\$	21,267	\$	40,681	\$	53,669
Services		24,036		21,646	_	71,932		67,799
Total revenues		39,249		42,913		112,613		121,468
Cost of revenues:								
Products		5,504		5,184		13,771		14,691
Services		13,807		12,512		39,287		36,054
Amortization of intangible assets		520		769		1,548		1,886
Stock-based compensation expense Inventory write-down		(85)		140		109		380
Total cost of revenues	-	19,746	_	18,605		1,752	_	53,011
Gross profit						56,467		
*	_	19,503		24,308	_	56,146		68,457
Operating expenses:		0.422		10.510		20.042		20.426
Research and development		9,423 3,905		10,518		29,042		30,436 15,802
Selling and marketing General and administrative		3,728		5,112 4,111		11,987 12,126		12,247
Amortization of intangible assets		969		948		2,891		2,863
Stock-based compensation expense		813		878		2,891		2,754
Earn-outs and change in fair value of earn-outs		64		1,412		1,667		1,517
Professional fees: acquisitions, divestitures, litigation, and strategic alternatives		26		597		1,445		1,873
Severance and other restructuring costs		1,476		(6)		2,918		221
Total operating expenses		20,404		23,570		65,023		67,713
(Loss) income from operations		(901)	_	738		(8,877)	_	744
Other income (expense), net		337		(127)		(92)		128
Gain on sale of investment in affiliates		-		(127)		814		120
Gain on sale of investment in armaces	_					014		
(Loss) income before income taxes and equity income in earningsof affiliates		(564)		611		(8,155)		872
Income tax benefit		(882)		(368)		(766)		(583)
Equity income in earnings of affiliates, net of tax		49		129		75		215
Income (loss) from continuing operations		367		1,108		(7,314)		1,670
Income (loss) on sale of discontinued operations		124		-		(14,324)		-
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, net of tax		87		(700)		(2,655)		(859)
Net income (loss)	\$	578	\$	408	\$	(24,293)	\$	811
Net income (loss)	\$	578	\$	408	\$	(24,293)	\$	811
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:		1 452		221		6.612		2 (0)
Foreign currency translation adjustment		1,453		321		6,612		2,696
Unrealized loss on marketable securities		(10)	_	(21)		(10)	_	(74)
Comprehensive income (loss)	\$	2,021	\$	708	\$	(17,691)	\$	3,433
Net income (loss) per share:								
Basic income (loss) per share	\$	0.02	\$	0.01	\$	(0.75)	\$	0.03
Diluted income (loss) per share	\$	0.02	\$	0.01	\$	(0.75)	\$	0.02
Net income (loss) per share from continuing operations:	Φ	0.02	Þ	0.01	Φ	(0.73)	Þ	0.02
Basic income (loss) per share	\$	0.01	\$	0.03	\$	(0.23)	\$	0.06
Diluted income (loss) per share	\$	0.01	\$	0.03	\$	(0.23)	\$	0.05
Net income (loss) per share from discontinued operations:	Ψ	0.01	Ψ	0.03	Ψ	(0.23)	Ψ	0.03
Basic income (loss) per share	¢	0.01	e	(0.02)	¢.	(0.52)	e	(0.02)
Diluted income (loss) per share	\$	0.01	D	(0.02)	\$	(0.52)	\$	(0.03)
` / .	\$	0.01	\$	(0.02)	\$	(0.52)	\$	(0.03)
Weighted average common shares outstanding:								
Basic		32,474		32,132		32,554		32,055
Diluted		33,013		32,817		32,554		32,706

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited, consolidated financial statements.

SEACHANGE INTERNATIONAL, INC. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(unaudited, amounts in thousands)

Nine Months Ended October 31,

		October 31,		
	2	012		2011
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net (loss) income	\$	(24,293)	\$	811
Net loss from discontinued operations		16,979		859
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by continuing operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets		3,341		4,157
Amortization of intangible assets		4,439		4,749
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		2		34
Impairment of long lived asset		967		-
Inventory valuation charge		1,948		418
Provision for doubtful accounts receivable		(66)		(122)
Discounts earned and amortization of premiums on marketable securities		103		41
Equity income in earnings of affiliates		(75)		(215)
Gain on sale of investment in affiliates		(814)		-
Stock-based compensation expense		3,056		3,134
Deferred income taxes		(487)		3,403
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		(= == .)		
Accounts receivable		(2,874)		5,732
Unbilled receivables		3,963		223
Inventories		664		(777)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(2,484)		(2,252)
Accounts payable		(2,102)		(6,793)
Accrued expenses		2,262		935
Customer deposits		(1,733)		(2,030)
Deferred revenues		(6,389)		(7,752)
Other		200		246
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities from continuing operations		(3,393)		4,801
Net cash provided by operating activities from discontinued operations		717		2,140
Total cash (used in) provided by operating activities		(2,676)		6,941
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchases of property and equipment		(2,423)		(931)
Purchases of marketable securities		(12,110)		(14,909)
Proceeds from sale and maturity of marketable securities		11,205		9,492
Additional proceeds from sale of equity investment		814		-
Acquisition of businesses and payment of contingent consideration, net of cash acquired		(7,866)		(3,653)
Change in restricted cash		(923)		136
Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations		(11,303)		(9,865)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities from discontinued operations		23,560		(1,518)
Total cash provided by (used in) investing activities		12,257		(11,383)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Repurchases of our common stock		(6,078)		-
Proceeds from issuance of common stock relating to stock option exercises		1,140		1,789
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities from continuing operations		(4,938)		1,789
Net cash provided by financing activities from discontinued operations				_
Total cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(4,938)		1,789
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		(170)		166
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		4,473		(2,487)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		80,585		73,145
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	85,058	\$	70,658
	<u>\$</u>	05,038	Ф	/0,038
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	Ф	1.207	0	200
Income taxes paid	\$	1,307	\$	308
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash activities:	•	570	e.	1.047
Transfer of items originally classified as inventories to equipment	\$	570	\$	1,247

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited, consolidated financial statements

SEACHANGE INTERNATIONAL, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

1. Nature of Business and Basis of Presentation

The Company

SeaChange International, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("SeaChange", "we", or the "Company") is a global leader in the development and delivery of multi-screen video. Our products and services facilitate the storage, management and distribution of video, television programming and advertising content to cable system operators, telecommunications companies and mobile operators.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements include the accounts of SeaChange International, Inc. and its subsidiaries ("SeaChange" or the "Company") in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("U.S. GAAP") for interim financial reports and the instructions for the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q ("Form 10-Q") and Rule 10-01 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared under U.S. GAAP have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such regulations. However, we believe that the disclosures are adequate to make the information presented not misleading. These consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with our most recently audited financial statements and the notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K ("Form 10-K") as filed with the SEC. In the opinion of management, the accompanying financial statements include all adjustments necessary to present a fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements for the periods shown. Interim results are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the full fiscal year or any future periods. The balance sheet data as of January 31, 2012 that is included in this Form 10-Q was derived from our audited financial statements but does not include all disclosures required by U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from our estimates. All intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated. We have reclassified certain fiscal 2012 data to conform to our fiscal 2013 presentation. The consolidated financial statements for all periods presented reflect the discontinuation of our former Broadcast Servers and Storage business and On Demand Group ("Media Services") as t

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Our transactions frequently involve the sale of hardware, software, systems and services in multiple element arrangements Revenues from sales of hardware, software and systems that do not require significant modification or customization of the underlying software are recognized when title and risk of loss has passed to the customer, there is evidence of an arrangement, fees are fixed or determinable and collection of the related receivable is considered probable. Customers are billed for installation, training, project management and at least one year of product maintenance and technical support at the time of the product sale. Revenue from these activities is deferred at the time of the product sale and recognized ratably over the period during which these services are performed. Revenue from ongoing product maintenance and technical support agreements are recognized ratably over the period of the related agreements. Revenue from software development contracts that include significant modification or customization, including software product enhancements, is recognized based on the percentage of completion contract accounting method using labor efforts expended in relation to estimates of total labor efforts to complete the contract. Accounting for contract amendments and customer change orders is included in contract accounting when executed. Revenue from shipping and handling costs and other out-of-pocket expenses reimbursed by customers is included in revenues and cost of revenues. Our share of intercompany profits associated with sales and services provided to affiliated companies is eliminated in consolidation in proportion to our equity ownership.

Under the software revenue recognition rules, revenue is allocated to the various elements based on vendor-specific objective evidence ("VSOE") of fair valueUnder this method, the total arrangement value is allocated first to undelivered elements, based on their fair values, with the remainder being allocated to the delivered elements. Where fair value of undelivered service elements has not been established, the total arrangement value is recognized over the period during which the services are performed. The amounts allocated to undelivered elements, which may include project management, training, installation, maintenance and technical support, and certain hardware and software components, are based upon the price charged when these elements are sold separately and unaccompanied by the other elements. The amount allocated to installation, training and project management revenue is based upon standard hourly billing rates and the estimated time required to complete the service. These services are not essential to the functionality of systems as these services do not alter the equipment's capabilities, are available from other vendors and the systems are standard products. For multiple element arrangements that include software development with significant modification or customization and systems sales where VSOE of the fair value does not exist for the undelivered elements of the arrangement (other than maintenance and technical support), percentage of completion accounting is applied for revenue recognition purposes to the entire arrangement with the exception of maintenance and technical support.

Under the revenue recognition rules for tangible products and related services as amended by Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2009-13, the fee from a multiple-deliverable arrangement is allocated to each of the deliverables based upon their relative selling prices as determined by a selling-price hierarchy. A deliverable in an arrangement qualifies as a separate unit of accounting if the delivered item has value to the customer on a stand-alone basis. A delivered item that does not qualify as a separate unit of accounting is combined with the other undelivered items in the arrangement and revenue is recognized for those combined deliverables as a single unit of accounting. The selling price used for each deliverable is based upon VSOE if available, third-party evidence ("TPE") if VSOE is not available, and best estimate of selling price ("BESP") if neither VSOE nor TPE are available. TPE is the price of our or any competitor's largely interchangeable products or services in stand-alone sales to similarly situated customers. BESP is the price at which we would sell the deliverable if it were sold regularly on a stand-alone basis, considering market conditions and entity-specific factors.

The selling prices used in the relative selling price allocation method for certain of our services are based upon VSOE. The selling prices used in the relative selling price allocation method for third-party products from other vendors are based upon TPE. The selling prices used in the relative selling price allocation method for our hardware products; software, subscriptions, and customized services for which VSOE does not exist are based upon BESP. We do not believe TPE exists for these products and services because they are differentiated from competing products and services in terms of functionality and performance and there are no competing products or services that are largely interchangeable. Management establishes BESP with consideration for market conditions, such as the impact of competition and geographic considerations, and entity-specific factors, such as the cost of the product, discounts provided and profit objectives. We believe that BESP is reflective of reasonable pricing of that deliverable as if priced on a stand-alone basis.

3. Fair Value Measurements

We determine the appropriate classification of debt investment securities at the time of purchase and re-evaluate such designation as of each balance sheet date. Our investment portfolio consists of money market funds, corporate debt investments, asset-backed securities, government-sponsored enterprises, and state and municipal obligations. All highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents. All cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. Our marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale and are reported at fair value with unrealized gains and losses, net of tax, reported in stockholders' equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income or loss. The amortization of premiums and accretion of discounts to maturity are computed under the effective interest method and are included in interest income. Interest on securities is recorded as earned and is also included in interest income. Any realized gains or losses would be shown in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations in other income or expense. We provide fair value measurement disclosures of available-for-sale securities in accordance with one of three levels of fair value measurement.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. A fair value hierarchy enables the reader of the financial statements to assess the inputs used to develop fair value measurements by establishing a hierarchy for ranking the quality and reliability of the information used to determine fair values. Assets and liabilities carried at fair value will be classified and disclosed in one of the following three categories:

- Level 1: Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs that are not corroborated by market data.

Our financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of October 31, 2012 are as follows:

October 31,			Fair '	Value Mea	surements U	Jsing			
2012			Level 1	Lev	vel 2	L	Level 3		
<u> </u>			(amounts i	n thousand	ls)		_		
\$	3,089	\$	3,089	\$	-	\$	-		
	12,788		12,788		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
\$	15,877	\$	15,877	\$	_	\$			
						-			
\$	6,707	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,707		
		\$ 3,089 12,788 \$ 15,877	\$ 3,089 \$ 12,788 \$ 15,877 \$	2012 Level 1 (amounts i \$ 3,089 \$ 3,089 12,788 12,788 \$ 15,877 \$ 15,877	Level 1 Leve	Level 1 Level 2	(amounts in thousands) \$ 3,089 \$ 3,089 \$ - \$ \$ 12,788 \$ 12,788 \$ - \$ 15,877 \$ 15,877 \$ -		

- (a) Money market funds and U.S. government agency securities, included in cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying balance sheet, are valued at quoted market prices for identical instruments in active markets.
- (b) The fair value of our contingent consideration arrangement is determined based on our evaluation as to the probability and amount of any earn-out that will be achieved based on expected future performance by the acquired entity, as well as the fair value of fixed purchase price.

The following table sets forth the activity of our Level 1 investments. Investments are classified as Level 1 when there is a current active market (amounts in thousands):

	evel 1 ble Securities
Ending balance January 31, 2012	\$ 11,995
Purchases	12,101
Sales/Maturities	(11,308)
Ending balance October 31, 2012	\$ 12,788

Based on additional information, we have made a revision to reclassify \$5.6 million of investments from Level 2 to Level 1 as of January 31, 2012. Management believes the revision is immaterial to the financial statements.

The following table sets forth a reconciliation of liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis with the use of significant unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the three months ended October 31, 2012 (amounts in thousands):

	Accrue	Level 3 d Contingent sideration
Ending balance July 31, 2012	\$	9,513
Change in fair value of contingent consideration		64
Contingency payment		(3,075)
Translation adjustment		205
Ending balance October 31, 2012	\$	6,707

The following is a summary of available for sale securities:

		Gross	Gross		
		Unrealized	Unrealized		Estimated
	 Cost	Gains	Losses		Fair Value
		(amounts	in thousands)		
October 31, 2012:					
Cash	\$ 81,969	\$ -	\$	- \$	81,969
Cash equivalents	 3,089	-			3,089
Cash and cash equivalents	 85,058	<u>-</u>		-	85,058
U.S. government agency issues	 2,004	41		-	2,045
Corporate debt securities	-	-			-
Marketable securities—short-term	2,004	41			2,045
U.S. government agency issues	10,717	26		_	10,743
Marketable securities—long-term	 10,717	26			10,743
Total cash equivalents and marketable securities	\$ 97,779	\$ 67	\$	- \$	97,846
January 31, 2012:					
Cash	\$ 74,226	\$ -	\$	- \$	74,226
Cash equivalents	6,359	_		_	6,359
Cash and cash equivalents	 80,585	_			80,585
U.S. government agency issues	 6,781	68			6,849
Corporate debt securities	1,000	6			1,006
Marketable securities—short-term	7,781	74			7,855
U.S. government agency issues	4,126	14		-	4,140
Marketable securities—long-term	4,126	 14			4,140
Total cash equivalents and marketable securities	\$ 92,492	\$ 88	\$	- \$	92,580

The following is a schedule of the contractual maturities of available-for-sale investments:

	-	October 31, 2012		uary 31, 2012		
		(amounts in thousands				
Investment Maturities:						
Less than one year	\$	5,058	\$	7,855		
One to three years		7,730		4,140		
	\$	12,788	\$	11,995		

4. Inventories

Inventory consists primarily of hardware and related component parts and is stated at the lower of cost (on a first-in, first-out basis) or market. Inventories consist of the following:

	•	October 31, 2012 (amounts in	nuary 31, 2012 isands)
Components and assemblies	\$	3,644	\$ 6,402
Finished products		3,962	3,816
Total inventory	\$	7,606	\$ 10,218

In the first nine months of fiscal 2013, we incurred a \$1.8 million inventory write-down due to lower foreseeable demand for some of our legacy product lines, in particular, hardware components related to certain discontinued video-on-demand ("VOD") server product lines, as we focus on selling the new products being developed. We will continue to review our inventory levels and there may be future inventory write-downs.

5. Discontinued Operations

On May 4, 2012 we completed the sale of our Broadcast Servers and Storage business and received a cash payment, net of certain adjustments, of \$4.9 million and recorded a total gain in this transaction, net of tax in the amount of \$1.5 million. The financial results from this divested business is included in discontinued operation in our consolidated statements of operations.

On May 21, 2012, we completed the sale of ourMedia Services business, On Demand Group ("ODG"), to Avail Media, Inc. ("Avail") for a purchase price of approximately \$27 million plus certain working capital adjustments. We received an initial cash payment of \$21.8 million in May 2012, and as part of the purchase agreement, \$5.7 million in cash was held by Avail in escrow, of which \$4.0 million was tied to a specific indemnity matter and \$1.7 million was related to a general indemnity provision. We also received a separate payment of \$1.0 million for the payment of certain intercompany indebtedness between ODG and SeaChange as part of the transaction. We recorded a \$16.0 million loss in our consolidated statements of operations from the sale of ODG in the first half of fiscal 2013. We also incurred investment advisor fees of approximately \$1.0 million as well as legal fees that approximated \$0.5 million related to the sale of ODG, which were expensed as incurred.

On November 26, 2012, we signed an amendment to the ODG purchase agreement that resulted in the release to us of the general escrow of \$1.7 million which we received on November 30, 2012, an accelerated release to us of the specific indemnity escrow during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013, and a reduction in a \$1.0 million payment obligation from Avail. The amendment also released a potential future obligation of \$1.5 million that is recorded in other liabilities, long-term on our consolidated balance sheet. This will result in a \$0.5 million reduction of loss on sale of ODG which will be recorded in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013. Lastly, the financial result for the sale of Media Services business included a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of \$17.0 million that we recorded in the first quarter of fiscal 2013. The financial results for the Media Services segment are included as a discontinued operation in our consolidated statements of operations.

The following table details selected financial information for our former Broadcast Servers and Storage and Media Services business units: (amounts in thousands)

	Three Months Ended October 31, 2012							Nine Months Ended October 31, 2012						
		ervers and Storage		Total Media Discontinued Services Operations		Discontinued Servers and		continued Servers and Media		Media Services	dia Disco		Total Discontinued Operations	
Revenues(a):														
Products	\$	170	\$	-	\$	170	\$	1,010	\$	-	\$	1,010		
Services		56		-		56		782		9,315		10,097		
Total revenues	\$	226	\$		\$	226	\$	1,792	\$	9,315	\$	11,107		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations:	-													
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, before tax	\$	183	\$	-	\$	183	\$	(2,101)	\$	(248)	\$	(2,349)		
Income tax provision		60		36		96		110		22		132		
Loss in investment in affiliates		-		-		-		-		(174)		(174)		
Income (loss) from discontinued operations, after tax	\$	123	\$	(36)	\$	87	\$	(2,211)	\$	(444)	\$	(2,655)		

		onth	s Ended October	31, 2	Nine Months Ended October 31, 2011							
	Servers and Storage		Media Services			Total Discontinued Operations		Servers and Storage		Media Services		Total viscontinued Operations
Revenues:												
Products	\$	1,039	\$	-	\$	1,039	\$	5,240	\$	-	\$	5,240
Services		1,544		7,865		9,409		4,262		24,541		28,803
Total revenues	\$	2,583	\$	7,865	\$	10,448	\$	9,502	\$	24,541	\$	34,043
(Loss) income from discontinued operations:												
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, before tax	\$	(755)	\$	(314)	\$	(1,069)	\$	(1,405)	\$	499	\$	(906)
Income tax provision (benefit)		25		(135)		(110)		75		71		146
Income in investment in affiliates		-		259		259		-		193		193
(Loss) income from discontinued operations, after tax	\$	(780)	\$	80	\$	(700)	\$	(1,480)	\$	621	\$	(859)

(a) Represents revenues recoginzed during the current period that were deferred prior to the sale our Broadcast Servers and Storage business.

The major classes of assets and liabilities related to discontinued operations are as follows at January 31, 2012:

		January 31, 2012							
	Servers and Storage	Media Services	Total Discontinued Operations						
		amounts in thousand	ls)						
Assets									
Current assets:									
Accounts receivable	\$ -	\$ 8,371	\$ 8,371						
Inventories, net	2,940	-	2,940						
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	170	2,725	2,895						
Total current assets related to discontinued operations	\$ 3,110	\$ 11,096	\$ 14,206						
Non current assets:									
Goodwill	594	19,226	\$ 19,820						
Intangibles	-	1,329	1,329						
Property and equipment, net	1,653	10,404	12,057						
Other assets	108	343	451						
Total non-current assets related to discontinued operations	\$ 2,355	\$ 31,302	\$ 33,657						
Liabilities									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 1,148	\$ 1,148						
Accrued expenses	-	6,140	6,140						
Deferred revenues	2,779	738	3,517						
Total current liabilities related to discontinued operations	\$ 2,779	\$ 8,026	\$ 10,805						
Non-current liabilities:									
Other non-current liabilities	-	739	739						
Total non-current liabilities related to discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ 739	\$ 739						

6. Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the first nine months of fiscal 2013 were as follows (amounts in thousands):

	Go	odwill
Balance at January 31, 2012	\$	44,414
Acquisition goodwill		110
Cumulative translation adjustment		(395)
Balance at October 31, 2012	\$	44,129

We are required to perform impairment tests related to our goodwill annually, which we perform as of August f^t of each fiscal year. During the third quarter of fiscal 2013, we completed our annual impairment testing of goodwill associated with continuing operations and determined there was no goodwill impairment. For further information on our annual impairment test of goodwill for fiscal 2013, see "Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgment and Estimates – Goodwill," in Item 2., Part I of this Form 10-Q. As of October 31, 2012, we considered possible impairment triggering events since the last impairment test such as comparing our market capitalization relative to the carrying value of our net assets. We concluded that there were no triggering events that would indicate a potential impairment of goodwill or other intangible assets.

We performed an impairment test of goodwill and long-lived assets of the Media Services segment as result of the sale of Media Services segment during the first quarter of fiscal 2013. Based on our evaluation and the final selling price as well as other deal terms that were agreed to in the final purchase agreement executed on May 21, 2012, the carrying amount of goodwill in our former Media Services business exceeded the implied fair value, and thus resulted in a \$17.0 million impairment charge which we recorded as part of our discontinued operating results during our first quarter of fiscal 2013.

Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consisted of the following:

Weighted

	Weighted average remaining			As of	October 31, 2012					As of	January 31, 2012	,	
	life	_			Accumulated			_			ccumulated	•	
	(Years)		Gross	1	Amortization		Net		Gross	A	mortization		Net
							(amounts in	thou	sands)				
Finite-lived intangible assets:													
Customer contracts	6.0	\$	31,999	\$	(17,737)	\$	14,262	\$	31,758	\$	(15,726)	\$	16,032
Non-compete agreements	1.0		2,681		(2,137)		544		2,673		(1,869)		804
Completed technology	5.0		11,149		(7,789)		3,360		11,259		(6,048)		5,211
Trademarks and other	1.0		1,708		(1,586)		122		1,715		(1,530)		185
Total finite-lived intangible assets		\$	47,537	\$	(29,249)	\$	18,288	\$	47,405	\$	(25,173)	\$	22,232
Indefinite-lived intangible assets:			_			,							,
Trade names	Infinite	\$	200	\$	-	\$	200	\$	200	\$	-	\$	200
Total indefinite-lived intangible assets			200		-		200		200		-		200
Total intangible assets		\$	47,737	\$	(29,249)	\$	18,488	\$	47,605	\$	(25,173)	\$	22,432

As of October 31, 2012, the estimated future amortization expense for our finite-lived intangible assets for the remainder of fiscal year 2013, the four succeeding fiscal years and thereafter is as follows (amounts in thousands):

Fiscal Year Ended January 31,	
2013 (for the remaining three months)	\$ 1,534
2014	4,709
2015	4,078
2016	3,280
2017 and thereafter	4,687
Total	\$ 18,288

7. Commitments and Contingencies

ARRIS Litigation

On July 31, 2009, ARRIS Group, Inc. ("ARRIS") filed a contempt motion in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware ("the Court") against SeaChange International relating to U.S. Patent No 5,805,804 (the "'804 patent"), a patent in which ARRIS has an ownership interest. On August 3, 2009, SeaChange filed a complaint seeking a declaratory judgment from the Court that its products do not infringe the '804 patent and asserting certain equitable defenses. On June 4, 2010, the Court entered an Order staying the declaratory judgment action pending resolution of the contempt proceeding. On September 2, 2011, the Court entered an Order in which it concluded that a contempt proceeding was the appropriate procedure for resolving the parties' dispute and that further factual and legal determinations would be necessary. On March 1, 2012, the Court conducted a hearing on the contempt motion at which the parties submitted additional information. On October 9, 2012, the Court rejected ARRIS's contempt allegations, concluding that the record did not contain clear and convincing evidence to support a contempt finding that SeaChange's modified ITV system infringes the ARRIS patent. The Court denied ARRIS motion of contempt. ARRIS filed a Notice of Appeal on November 8, 2012. The District Court has continued the stay of SeaChange's case seeking a declaratory judgment pending resolution of ARRIS's appeal.

Indemnification and Warranties

We provide indemnification, to the extent permitted by law, to our officers, directors, employees and agents for liabilities arising from certain events or occurrences while the officer, director, employee or agent is, or was, serving at our request in such capacity. With respect to acquisitions, we provide indemnification to, or assume indemnification obligations for, the current and former directors, officers and employees of the acquired companies in accordance with the acquired companies' bylaws and charter. As a matter of practice, we have maintained directors' and officers' liability insurance including coverage for directors and officers of acquired companies.

We enter into agreements in the ordinary course of business with customers, resellers, distributors and integrators. Most of these agreements require us to defend and/or indemnify the other party against intellectual property infringement claims brought by a third party with respect to our products. From time to time, we also indemnify customers and business partners for damages, losses and liabilities they may suffer or incur relating to personal injury, personal property damage, product liability, and environmental claims relating to the use of our products and services or resulting from the acts or omissions of us, our employees, authorized agents or subcontractors. We have received requests from several of our customers for indemnification of patent litigation claims. For example, we have more recently received requests from several of our customers for indemnification of patent litigation claims asserted by Pragmatus VOD, LLC, Content Delivery Solutions, and Active Video Networks. Management cannot reasonably estimate any potential losses, but these claims could result in material liability for us.

We warrant that our products, including software products, will substantially perform in accordance with our standard published specifications in effect at the time of delivery. In addition, we provide maintenance support to our customers and therefore allocate a portion of the product purchase price to the initial warranty period and recognize revenue on a straight line basis over that warranty period related to both the warranty obligation and the maintenance support agreement. When we receive revenue for extended warranties beyond the standard duration, it is deferred and recognized on a straight line basis over the contract period. Related costs are expensed as incurred.

In the ordinary course of business, we provide minimum purchase guarantees to certain of our vendors to ensure continuity of supply against the market demand. Although some of these guarantees provide penalties for cancellations and/or modifications to the purchase commitments as the market demand decreases, most of the guarantees do not. Therefore, as the market demand decreases, we re-evaluate the accounting implications of guarantees and determine what charges, if any, should be recorded.

With respect to our agreements covering product, business or entity divestitures, we provide certain representations and warranties and agree to indemnify and hold such purchasers harmless against breaches of such representations, warranties, and covenants. With respect to our acquisitions, we may, from time to time, assume the liability for certain events or occurrences that took place prior to the date of acquisition.

We provide such minimum purchase guarantees and indemnification obligations after considering the economics of the transaction and other factors including but not limited to the liquidity and credit risk of the other party in the transaction. We believe that the likelihood is remote that any such arrangement could have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operation or liquidity. We record liabilities, as disclosed above, for such guarantees based on our best estimate of probable losses which considers amounts recoverable under any recourse provisions.

Revolving Line of Credit/Demand Note Payable

Our \$20.0 million revolving line of credit with RBS Citizens (a subsidiary of the Royal Bank of Scotland Group plc) ("RBS" Citizens") expired on October 31, 2012. On November 28, 2012, we entered into a letter agreement with JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. ("JP Morgan") for a demand discretionary line of credit and a Demand Promissory Note in the aggregate amount of \$20.0 million (the "Line of Credit"). Borrowings under the Line of Credit will be used to finance working capital needs and for general corporate purposes. The Line of Credit expires on November 27, 2013. We currently do not have any borrowings under this line.

We are occasionally required to post customer performance bonds, issued by a financial institution, to secure certain sales contracts. Customer performance bonds generally authorize the financial institution to make a payment to the beneficiary upon the satisfaction of a certain event or the failure to satisfy an obligation. The customer performance bonds are generally posted for one-year terms and are usually automatically renewed upon maturity until such time as we have satisfied the commitment secured by the customer performance bond. We are obligated to reimburse the issuer only if the beneficiary collects on the customer performance bonds. We currently have a customer performance bond outstanding totaling \$0.9 million which was previously secured under the RBS Citizens line of credit. This performance bond will be transferred under the recently signed demand line of credit with JP Morgan, but as an interim procedure until the performance bond is transferred, we signed a Pledge and Security Agreement with RBS Citizens which requires us to reimburse RBS Citizens for all amounts paid under the customer performance bonds. As such, we transferred \$0.9 million to restricted cash on our consolidated balance sheet as of October 31, 2012 to cover these outstanding customer performance bonds.

8. Severance and Other Restructuring Costs

The following table shows the change in balances of our severance liability for the periods presented. These amounts are reported as a component of accrued liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets as of October 31, 2012 (amounts in thousands):

	Three M	onths Ended	Nine	Months Ended
	Octobe	er 31, 2012	Oc	tober 31, 2012
Accrual balance at the beginning of the period	\$	720	\$	2,225
Severance charges accrued		870		1,428
Severance costs paid		(825)		(2,888)
Accrual balance as of October 31, 2012	\$	765	\$	765

During the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, we incurred total severance and restructuring costs of \$1.5 million and \$2.9 million, respectively. The \$1.5 million charge during the third quarter of fiscal 2013 was primarily a result of the termination of two senior executives and a charge for impairment on our New Hampshire building. During the second quarter of fiscal 2013, we incurred severance and restructuring charges of \$1.4 million of which \$0.4 million was related to severance charges for the reduction of the finance and manufacturing headcounts and \$0.8 million was related to the write off of leasehold improvements for the reduction of space and certain other fixed assets in our leased facility in the Philippines, as we continued to take actions to lower our cost structure and improve our financial performance. In addition, we incurred one-time charges of approximately \$0.2 million for a sign-on bonus, relocation expenses and recruitment fees, relating to the hiring and appointment of a permanent Chief Executive Officer on May 1, 2012.

With the divestiture of our Broadcast Servers and Storage business, we determined we would no longer utilize our facility in New Hampshire as an active operation and have placed the building on the market for sale. We originally placed it on the market for \$0.7 million. To be more competitive in the real estate market in which the property is located, we reduced the selling price in the third quarter of fiscal 2013 to \$0.5 million. As a result, we incurred a \$0.2 million restructuring charge to reduce the carrying value of this building during the three months ended October 31, 2012.

9. Stock-Based Compensation and Stock Incentive Plans

2011 Stock Plan.

On July 20, 2011, our stockholders approved the adoption of our 2011 Compensation and Incentive Plan (the "2011 Plan"). Under the 2011 Plan the number of authorized shares of common stock is equal to 2,800,000 shares plus the number of shares that expired, terminated, surrendered or forfeited awards subsequent to July 20, 2011 under the Amended and Restated 2005 Equity Compensation and Incentive Plan (the "2005 Plan"). Following approval of the 2011 Plan, we terminated the 2005 Plan. The 2011 Plan provides for the grant of incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, restricted stock units, and other equity based non-stock option awards as determined by the plan administrator by officers, employees, consultants, and directors of the Company. We may satisfy awards upon the exercise of stock options or vesting of restricted stock units with newly issued shares or treasury shares. The Board of Directors is responsible for the administration of the 2011 Plan and determining the terms of each award, award exercise price, the number of shares for which each award is granted and the rate at which each award vests. In certain instances the Board of Directors may elect to modify the terms of an award. In the second quarter of fiscal 2013, the Board of Directors elected to modify awards for a departing Board member and certain departing employees. The modification allowed awards to vest without completion of the required service period.

Option awards may be granted to employees at an exercise price per share of not less than 100% of the fair market value per common share on the date of the grant. Restricted stock units and other equity-based non-stock option awards may be granted to any officer, employee, director, or consultant at a purchase price per share as determined by the Board of Directors. Awards granted under the 2011 Plan generally vest over three years and expire seven years from the date of the grant.

On May 1, 2012, we appointed a permanent Chief Executive Officer and, as part of his total compensation package, 875,000 stock options were granted to purchase the Company's common stock at an exercise price equal to the last reported sale price of the common stock as of the date of the grant. The stock options vest in increments based upon the closing price of SeaChange's common stock. If on May 1, 2015 less than 437,500 options have vested pursuant to stock price vesting terms, then an additional number of options shall vest on such date that the total number of vested options under the award shall equal 437,500 and all remaining unvested options shall thereupon expire.

We recorded the fair value of these stock options using the Monte Carlo simulation model, since the stock option vesting is variable depending on the closing price of our traded common stock. The model simulated the daily trading price of the market stock options expected term to determine if the vesting conditions would be triggered during that term. As a result, the fair value of these stock options was estimated at \$3.3 million at the date of grant using the following assumptions:

• The stock option value per share was \$3.78;

- · The derived service period is 2.1 years; and
- The risk-free interest rate is 1.22%.

We incurred stock compensation expenses of \$0.4 million for the three months ended and \$0.8 million for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 relating to these stock options. The stock-based compensation cost is measured at the grant date at the fair value of the award and is recognized over the employee's derived service period. The following table presents total stock-based compensation expense included in the consolidated statements of operations:

	Th	ree Mon Octob					oths Ended ber 31,		
	20	12	2011		2012		2011		
	(amounts in thousands)								
Cost of revenues	\$ (85) \$ 140 \$ 109						\$	380	
Research and development		72		65		253		272	
Selling and marketing		(93)		292		138		1,005	
General and administrative		834		521		2,556		1,477	
Total stock-based compensation	\$	\$ 728		1,018	\$	3,056	\$	3,134	

10. Stock Repurchase Program

On March 28, 2012, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$25.0 million of our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, through a share repurchase program. The repurchase program terminates on January 31, 2013. Under the program, management is authorized to repurchase shares through Rule 10b5-1 plans, open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, block purchases or otherwise in accordance with applicable federal securities laws, including Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Management executed a Rule 10b5-1 plan commencing in September 2012. This share repurchase program does not obligate us to acquire any specific number of shares and may be suspended or discontinued. All repurchases are expected to be funded from our current cash position. The timing and amount of the shares to be repurchased will be based on market conditions and other factors, including price, corporate and regulatory requirements, and alternative investment opportunities. As of October 31, 2012, we have repurchased a total of 749,524 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$8.11 per share and used a total of \$6.1 million of cash, including fees.

11. Significant Customers and Geographic Information

The following summarizes revenues by significant customer where such revenue exceeded 10% of total revenues for the indicated period:

	Three Month October		Nine Months October	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Customer A	19%	26%	19%	26%
Customer B	11%	12%	11%	11%
Customer C	11%	N/A	N/A	N/A
Customer D	N/A	10%	N/A	N/A

The following table summarizes revenues by geographic locations:

			Three Mont Octobe						Nine Mont Octob			
		2012	2011	<u> </u>	2012			2011				
	A	Amount	%	Α	Amount	%	A	Amount	%	1	Amount	%
					(amoun	ts in thousands,	exce	pt percentages)				
Revenues by customers' geographic locations:												
North America	\$	25,213	64%	\$	28,840	67%	\$	73,100	65%	\$	79,847	66%
Europe and Middle East		10,594	27%		11,715	27%		30,077	27%		34,088	28%
Latin America		2,948	8%		1,111	3%		8,232	7%		4,273	3%
Asia Pacific and other international locations		494	1%		1,247	3%		1,204	1%		3,260	3%
Total	S	39 249		\$	42.913		S	112 613		S	121 468	

12. Income Taxes

For the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, we recorded an income tax benefit from continuing operations of \$0.9 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. During the third quarter of fiscal 2013, we recognized \$0.5 million of tax benefits resulting from the expiration of the statute of limitations for uncertain tax positions. The statute of limitations varies by the various jurisdictions in which we operate. In any given year, the statute of limitations in certain jurisdictions may lapse without examination and any uncertain tax position taken in those years will result in reduction of the liability for unrecognized tax benefits for that year. Our tax provision is primarily due to income tax expense in certain states and profitable foreign jurisdictions. Our effective tax rate of (3.2%) was based on the full fiscal year estimates and projected profitability in the second half of fiscal 2013. In addition our provision is affected by the geographic jurisdiction in which the worldwide income or losses have been incurred resulting in the difference between the federal statutory rate of 35% and the forecasted effective tax rate.

In addition, we incurred a \$9.6 million U.S. capital tax loss as a result of the sale of our Media Services segment. We have determined it's more likely than not that we will not benefit from this capital loss carryforward. Therefore, we have provided a 100% valuation allowance against the capital loss.

Our effective tax rate in fiscal 2013 and in future periods may fluctuate on a quarterly basis based as a result of changes in the valuation of our deferred tax assets, changes in actual results versus our estimates, or changes in tax laws, regulations, accounting principles, or interpretations thereof. We regularly review our tax positions in each significant taxing jurisdiction in the process of evaluating our unrecognized tax benefits. We make adjustments to our unrecognized tax benefits when: i) facts and circumstance regarding a tax position change, causing a change in management's judgment regarding that tax position; ii) a tax position is effectively settled with a tax authority; and/or iii) the statute of limitations expires regarding a tax position.

13. Income (Loss) Per Share

Earnings per share present both "basic" and "diluted" earnings per share. Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing earnings available to common shareholders by the weighted-average shares of common stock outstanding during the period. For the purposes of calculating diluted earnings per share, the denominator includes both the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period and the weighted average number of shares of potential common stock, such as stock options and restricted stock units and warrants, calculated using the treasury stock method.

For the three months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, 2,079,150 shares and 1,541,052 shares of common stock equivalents, respectively, would have been anti-dilutive based on our stock price being lower than the option exercise price.

For the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, 2,108,141 and 1,549,552 shares of common stock equivalents, respectively, would have been anti-dilutive based on our stock price being lower than the option exercise price

In addition, certain common stock equivalents were excluded due to the net loss for the first nine months of fiscal 2013.

Below is a summary of the shares used in calculating basic and diluted income per share for the periods indicated:

_	Three Months October 3		Nine Months October	
	2012	2011	2012	2011
		(amounts in tho	usands)	
Weighted average shares used in calculating earnings per share —Basic	32,474	32,132	32,554	32,055
Dilutive common stock equivalents	539	685	<u> </u>	651
Weighted average shares used in calculating earnings per share —Diluted	33,013	32,817	32,554	32,706

14. Related Party

On September 1, 2009, we completed the acquisition of eventIS Group B.V. ("eventIS") from a holding company in which Erwin van Dommelen, who was President of SeaChange Software from March 2010 to September 2012, has a 32% interest in the holding company. Under the terms of the definitive agreement, SeaChange paid \$36.6 million upon the closing of the transaction on September 1, 2009. In addition, SeaChange was obligated to pay \in 1.2 million (approximately \$1.5 million) in cash to the former eventIS shareholders on each of the first three anniversary dates following the acquisition. SeaChange was also obligated on each of the aforementioned anniversary dates to issue shares of restricted stock of SeaChange equating to \in 800,000 (approximately \$1.0 million) annually to the former eventIS shareholders. The purchase price also included a performance-based component principally related to the achievement of certain annual revenue targets for eventIS and SeaChange products and services. The revenue performance metrics will cover the three year period ending January 31, 2013 with payment upon achievement of these metrics occurring annually. We have made cash payments to date to the holding company of \$47.0 million and issued approximately 304,000 restricted common shares. On September 1, 2012, we amended the eventIS share purchase agreement with the holding company and as a result, we will accelerate unvested restricted shares of approximately 102,000 shares on September 1, 2013. Obligated cash payments of \in 1.7 million (approximately \$2.2 million) were also paid in the third quarter of fiscal 2013. The amendment did not change the total amount of payments payable under the purchase agreement. We estimated an additional \$0.7 million may become due under the earn-out provisions of the eventIS share purchase agreement, which will be paid to the holding company if certain performance goals are met.

On April, 5, 2012, we purchased 63,000 shares from our former CEO, William Styslinger, III. The consideration for these shares totaled \$0.5 million at the then current market price of \$8.00 per share. In addition, in connection with his retirement, Mr. Styslinger and SeaChange entered into a separation agreement, dated as of November 29, 2011. Under the terms of the separation agreement, we agreed to pay Mr. Styslinger \$1.0 million in twelve equal monthly installments on SeaChange's regular payroll schedule. For the nine months ended October 31, 2012, we made payments of \$0.7 million. As of October 31, 2012, \$0.1 million remains due to Mr. Styslinger under this separation agreement and is included in other accrued expenses on our consolidated balance sheets.

15. Recent Accounting Standard Updates

Impact of Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance

Goodwill Impairment Test

In September 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued ASU 2011-08, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other: Testing Goodwill for Impairment," which provided additional guidance on the annual and interim goodwill impairment testing. The guidance became effective for the Company at the beginning of fiscal 2013. This guidance provides entities with an option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If it is determined, on the basis of qualitative factors, that the fair value of the reporting unit is more likely than not less than the carrying amount, the two-step goodwill impairment test will be required. The adoption of this update had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. See Note 6, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets", for further information on the Company's annual impairment tests.

Fair Value Measurements

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-04, "Fair Value Measurement – Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRS," which amended previous guidance clarifying how to measure and disclose fair value. The guidance became effective for us at the beginning of fiscal 2013. The update amends the application of the "highest and best use" concept to be used only in the measurement of the fair value of nonfinancial assets, clarifies that the measurement of the fair value of equity-classified financial instruments should be performed from the perspective of a market participant who holds the instrument as an asset, clarifies that an entity that manages a group of financial assets and liabilities on the basis of its net exposure to those risks can measure those financial instruments on the basis of its net exposure to those risks, and clarifies when premiums and discounts should be taken into account when measuring fair value. This guidance results in a consistent definition of fair value and common requirements for the measurement of and disclosure about fair value between International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and U.S. GAAP. The guidance also changes some fair value measurement principles and enhances disclosure requirements related to activities in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Besides a change in disclosure requirements, the adoption of this update had no impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Recent Accounting Guidance Not Yet Effective

Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other: Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment," which amends previous guidance on the annual and interim testing of indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. The guidance becomes effective at the beginning of our 2014 fiscal year, although early adoption is permitted. The update provides entities with the option of first assessing qualitative factors to determine whether it is more than likely than not that the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset is less than its carrying amount. If it is determined, on the basis of qualitative factors, that the fair value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset is more likely than not less than the carrying amount, a quantitative impairment test would still be required. We perform annual impairment tests in the third quarter of each fiscal year. The adoption of this update is not expected to have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Forward-Looking Statements

This Form 10-Q contains or incorporates forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, which involve risks and uncertainties. The following information should be read in conjunction with the unaudited consolidated financial information and the notes thereto included in this Form 10-Q. You should not place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements. Actual events or results may differ materially due to competitive factors and other factors referred to in Part I, Item 1A. "Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K for our fiscal year ended January 31, 2012 and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q. These factors may cause our actual results to differ materially from any forward-looking statement. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections about the industry and markets in which we operate, and management's beliefs and assumptions. We undertake no obligation to update or revise the statements in light of future developments. In addition, other written or oral statements that constitute forward-looking statements may be made by us or on our behalf. Words such as "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "plan," "believe," "could," "estimate," "may," "target," "project," or variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve certain risks, uncertainties, and assumptions that are difficult to predict.

Business Overview

We are a global leader in the development and delivery of multi-screen video headquartered in Acton, Massachusetts. Our products and services facilitate the storage, management and distribution of video, television programming, and advertising content to cable system operators, telecommunications companies and mobile operators. We currently operate under one reporting segment.

During the first nine months of fiscal 2013, we have made significant progress to execute on our strategy to transform the Company into a software company. This includes:

- · Successfully divesting our two business segments that were non-core to our strategy;
- Continuing our investment in our next generation product offerings in our back office products (Adrenalin and Nitro), advertising products (Infusion and AdPulse) and
 our home gateway Nucleus product line. We also announced many new worldwide customer wins for these new products as we help our customers achieve their goals
 of reducing operating and capital costs as well as customer churn;

- Reducing the size of our overall executive management team and appointing new leadership in key positions, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, Head of EMEA/Asia Pac, U.S. Sales, Marketing, and a Chief Architect;
- · Streamlining other areas of our business through headcount and non-headcount cost reductions;
- · Ensuring quality in everything we do and monitoring our results for continuous improvement; and
- · Executing and producing the financial and operational results we as a management team have set out to achieve.

Our focus in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013 and into fiscal 2014 will be to continue to grow our revenues as our customers upgrade or purchase our next generation product offerings, expand to new and adjacent markets such as mobile and internet protocol television ("IPTV") operators, expand our efforts into Asia, and invest in new technologies through acquisition or direct investments. We will also continue to review our overall cost structure and make adjustments that we feel are necessary to achieve our desired financial results. Lastly, our key focus will be to continue to work closely with our customers and provide them with quality products and superior customer service as we help them achieve their long-term business goals.

Following the divestiture of the Broadcast Servers and Storage and Media Services businesses, the remaining Software and Streaming businesses were organized into one reporting segment called Software. We will not report multiple business segments due to the nature of the products offered to customers, the market characteristics of each operating segment and our management structure.

We have experienced fluctuations in our revenues from quarter to quarter due to:

- · the budgetary approvals from the customer for capital purchases;
- the ability to process the purchase order within the customer's organization in a timely manner;
- the availability of the product;
- the time required to deliver and install the product; and
- · the customer's acceptance of the products and services.

In addition, many customers may delay or reduce capital expenditures. This, together with other factors, could result in reductions in sales of our products, longer sales cycles, difficulties in collection of accounts receivable, excess and obsolete inventory, gross margin deterioration, slower adoption of new technologies, increased price competition, and supplier difficulties.

Our operating results are significantly influenced by a number of factors, including the mix of products sold and services provided, pricing and the costs of materials used in our products. We price our products and services based upon our costs and consideration of the prices of competitive products and services in the marketplace. As a result of the growth of our business, our operating expenses have historically increased in the areas of research and development, selling and marketing, and administration. In the current state of the economy, we expect that customers may still have limited capital spending budgets as we believe they are dependent on advertising revenues to fund their capital purchases. Accordingly, we expect our financial results to vary from quarter to quarter and our historical financial results are not necessarily indicative of future performance. In light of the higher proportion of our international business, we expect movements in foreign exchange rates to have a greater impact on our financial condition and results of operations in the future.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth our statement of operations data for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011:

		Three Mon				Nine Mont			
		Octob	er 31	/		Octob	er 31		
		2012		2011	_	2012		2011	
D				(amounts in	thousa	nds)			
Revenues:	Ф	15.010	0	21.267	Ф	40.601	r)	52.660	
Products	\$	15,213	\$	21,267	\$	40,681	\$	53,669	
Services		24,036		21,646		71,932		67,799	
Total revenues		39,249	_	42,913		112,613		121,468	
Costs of revenues:									
Products		5,504		5,184		13,771		14,691	
Services		13,807		12,512		39,287		36,054	
Amortization of intangible assets		520		769		1,548		1,886	
Stock-based compensation expense		(85)		140		109		380	
Inventory write-down		-		-		1,752		-	
Total cost of revenues		19,746		18,605		56,467		53,011	
Operating expenses:									
Research and development		9,423		10,518		29,042		30,436	
Selling and marketing		3,905		5,112		11,987		15,802	
General and administrative		3,728		4,111		12,126		12,247	
Amortization of intangible assets		969		948		2,891		2,863	
Stock-based compensation expense		813		878		2,947		2,754	
Earn-outs and change in fair value of earn-outs		64		1,412		1,667		1,517	
Professional fees: acquisitions, divestitures, litigation, and									
strategic alternatives		26		597		1,445		1,873	
Severance and other restructuring		1,476		(6)		2,918		221	
Total operating expenses		20,404		23,570		65,023		67,713	
(Loss) income from operations		(901)		738		(8,877)		744	
Other income (expense), net		337		(127)		(92)		128	
Gain on sale of investment in affiliates		-		-		814		-	
Income tax benefit		(882)		(368)		(766)		(583)	
Equity income in earnings of affiliates		49		129		75		215	
Net (loss) income from continuing operations	\$	367	\$	1,108	\$	(7,314)	\$	1,670	

Revenues

The following table summarizes information about our revenues for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011:

	 Three Months Ended October 31, 2012 2011		Increase/ (Decrease) \$ Amount		Increase/ (Decrease) % Change		Nine Mont Octobe			Increase/ (Decrease) \$ Amount		Increase/ (Decrease) % Change	
	 2012 2011						ent f	ot for percentage data)				Amount	70 Change
Software Revenues:					(,,		pg	,				
Products	\$ 15,213	\$	21,267	\$	(6,054)	(28.5)%	\$	40,681	\$	53,669	\$	(12,988)	(24.2)%
Services	24,036		21,646		2,390	11.0%		71,932		67,799		4,133	6.1%
Total revenues	 39,249		42,913		(3,664)	(8.5)%		112,613		121,468		(8,855)	(7.3)%
Cost of product revenues	 6,024		5,953		71	1.2%		15,319		16,577		(1,258)	(7.6)%
Cost of service revenues	13,722		12,652		1,070	8.5%		39,396		36,434		2,962	8.1%
Inventory write-down	-		-		-	N/A		1,752		-		1,752	N/A
Total cost of revenues	 19,746		18,605		1,141	6.1%		56,467		53,011		3,456	6.5%
Gross profit	\$ 19,503	\$	24,308	\$	(4,805)	(19.8)%	\$	56,146	\$	68,457	\$	(12,311)	(18.0)%
Gross product profit margin	60.4%		72.0%			(11.6)%		58.0%		69.1%			(11.1)%
Gross service profit margin	42.9%		41.6%			1.3%		45.2%		46.3%			(1.1)%
Gross profit margin	49.7%		56.6%			(6.9)%		49.9%		56.4%			(6.5)%

Product Revenue. Product revenue for the three months ended October 31, 2012 decreased \$6.1 million, or 28.5% over the same period of fiscal 2012primarily due to the following:

- A \$2.5 million decrease in back office revenue for the period. The decrease was primarily due to lower demand for our legacy products from North American customers and a \$1.9 million decrease due to a change in classification of revenue recorded from our subscription agreement with Comcast from the prior fiscal year. This agreement included specified product enhancements in the prior fiscal year and therefore was recorded as product revenues. The current agreement with Comcast signed in the second quarter of fiscal 2013 contains no specified product enhancements and so revenue recognized under this agreement is now recorded as service revenue;
- Lower advertising product revenues of \$0.5 million due to lower license revenue from North American service providers, a result of lower demand for our legacy products;
- · A \$2.1 million decrease in home gateway revenues due to significant home gateway licensing transactions with a large domestic customer during the third quarter of fiscal 2012, for which there was no comparable amount in the same period of fiscal 2013; and
- · A \$1.1 million decrease in revenues from sales of VOD servers, as large shipments of VOD servers were made to customers in North America and Asia in the third quarter of fiscal 2012 that was partially offset by higher shipments of VOD servers to a Latin American customer this quarter.

Product revenue for the nine months ended October 31, 2012 decreased \$13.0 million, or 24.2% over the same period of fiscal 2012, primarily due to the following:

- · An \$8.1 million decrease for the nine month period in back office revenue due to the change in classification of revenue from the Comcast subscription agreement mentioned above, which resulted in a \$5.2 million decrease in product revenues. Additionally, there was a decrease in product revenues in the nine month period due to lower demand for our legacy products from North American customers;
- Lower advertising product revenues of \$4.1 million primarily due to lower license revenue from North American service providers a result of lower demand for our legacy products;
- A \$2.1 million decrease in home gateway revenues due to a significant home gateway licensing transaction with a large domestic customer during the third quarter of fiscal 2012, for which there was no comparable amount in the same period of fiscal 2013; and
- · Revenues from sales of VOD servers increased \$1.1 million during the first nine months of fiscal 2013 as compared to the same period of fiscal 2012 primarily due to a higher number of shipments to Latin American customers this fiscal year that was partially offset by lower shipments of VOD servers to a customer in Asia.

Service Revenue. Service revenue for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 increased \$2.4 million, or 11.0%, and \$4.1 million, or 6.1%, respectively, as compared to the same periods of fiscal 2012.

- · The \$2.4 million increase for the three month period was primarily a result of higher home gateway service revenues from several domestic customers during the current period; and
- The \$4.1 million increase for the nine month period was primarily a result of a \$5.9 million increase in home gateway service revenues from several domestic customers, a \$0.5 million increase in maintenance revenues from our European customers and higher service revenue due to the change in classification of revenue recognized under the Comcast subscription agreement, as noted above. These increases were partially offset by lower VOD and advertising professional services revenues domestically.

For the third quarter of fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2012, two customers accounted for 31% and 38% of our total revenues, respectively. For the first nine months of fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2012, these same two customers accounted for 30% and 37% of our total revenues, respectively. We believe that a significant amount of our revenues will continue to be derived from a limited number of customers.

International sales accounted for 43% and 37% of total revenues in the third quarter of fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2012, respectively. For the nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011, international sales accounted for 40% and 38%, respectively. We believe that international product and service revenues will continue to be a significant portion of our business in the future.

Gross Profit and Margin. Cost of product revenues consists primarily of the cost of purchased material components and subassemblies, labor and overhead relating to the final assembly and testing of complete systems and related expenses, and labor and overhead costs related to software development contracts. Gross profit margin decreased 6.9% and 6.5%, respectively, for the three and nine month periods ending October 31, 2012, as compared to the same periods of the prior year, primarily due to the following:

- Gross product profit margin decreased by 12 percentage points to 60% for the three months ended October 31, 2012 due primarily to the product mix of higher revenues from reselling certain third party back office products, which carry lower margins, and the impact from the large home gateway licensing transaction during the third quarter of last fiscal year, which positively impacted product margins during the prior year;
- Gross product profit margin decreased 11 percentage points for the nine months ended October 31, 2012, from 69% in the same period of the prior fiscal year. The 11 percentage point decrease was primarily due to a \$1.8 million inventory write-down during the second quarter of fiscal 2013, the mix of higher revenues from reselling certain third-party back office products, a decrease in advertising revenues which typically carry higher margins and a favorable impact to product margins last fiscal year from the large home gateway licensing transaction;
- Service margins increased one percentage point to 43% for the three months ended October 31, 2012, as compared to same period last year, primarily due to lower
 professional service headcount costs as we continue to review our cost structure; and
- Service margins decreased one percentage point from 46% for the nine months ended October 31, 2012, as compared to the same period of last year, primarily due to higher absorption of research and development to cost of sales, a result of higher home gateway service revenues which require greater customization work. This was partially offset by lower professional services costs.

Inventory Write-down. In the nine months ended October 31, 2012, we incurred a \$1.8 million charge for inventory write-downs due to lower foreseeable demand for some of our legacy product lines, in particular, hardware components related to certain discontinued VOD server product lines, as we focus on selling the new products being developed. We will continue to review our inventory levels and may record additional inventory write-downs in future periods.

Operating Expenses

Research and Development

The following table provides information regarding the change in research and development expenses during the periods presented:

	Three Mon Octob			Increase/ (Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)		Nine Mont Octob		led		ecrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)
	 2012	2011		\$ Amount	% Change		2012		2011	\$ 2	Amount	% Change
				(amou	ınts in thousands, exce	ept for	percentage da	ta)				
Research and development expenses	\$ 9,423	\$	10,518 \$	(1,095)	(10.4)%	\$	29,042	\$	30,436	\$	(1,394)	(4.6)%
% of total revenue	24.0.%		24.5.%				25.8.%		25.1.%			

Research and development expenses consist primarily of employee costs, which include salaries, benefits and related payroll taxes, depreciation of development and test equipment and an allocation of related facility expenses. During the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, our total research and development expenses decreased by \$1.1 million and \$1.4 million, respectively, as compared to the same periods of fiscal 2012 as we had lower costs associated with a decrease in headcount, primarily in the VOD server product lines, and a higher absorption of research and development to cost of sales due to higher home gateway service revenues which require customization work which resulted in a decrease in research and development expenses of \$2.0 million for the three months ended and \$4.1 million for the nine months ended October 31, 2012. These decreases were partially offset by an increase in outside contract labor costs as we bring new products to market in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013. We will continue to focus our investment in research and development on our next generation product offerings.

Selling and Marketing

The following table provides information regarding the change in selling and marketing expenses during the periods presented:

	Three Mor Octob		Increase/ (Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)		Months I		Increase/ Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)
	 2012	2011	\$ Amount	% Change	2012		2011	\$ Amount	% Change
			(amounts in	n thousands, exce	pt for percenta	ge data)			
Selling and marketing expenses	\$ 3,905	\$ 5,112	\$ (1,207)	(23.6)%	\$ 11,9	87 \$	15,802	\$ (3,815)	(24.1)%
% of total revenue	9.9.%	11.9.%			10	6.%	13.0.%		

Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of payroll costs, which include salaries and related payroll taxes, benefits and commissions, travel expenses and certain promotional expenses. Selling and marketing expenses decreased \$1.2 million, or 23.6%, in the third quarter of fiscal 2013 and \$3.8 million, or 24.1%, during the first nine months of fiscal 2013 when compared to the same periods of fiscal 2012. The decreases were primarily due to a reduction in headcounts during the periods which resulted in corresponding reductions in commissions and travel expenses.

General and Administrative

The following table provides information regarding the change in general and administrative expenses during the periods presented:

	 Three Mon Octob		ded		ncrease/ Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)	Niı	ne Mon Octob	ths Ende er 31,	ed		crease/ ecrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)
	2012		2011	\$	Amount	% Change	2012		2	2011	\$ A	Amount	% Change
	 (amounts in thousands, except for percentage data)												
General and administrative expenses	\$ 3,728	\$	4,111	\$	(383)	(9.3)%	\$ 1:	2,126	\$	12,247	\$	(121)	(1.0)%
% of total revenue	95%		96%					10.8 %		10.1 %			

General and administrative expenses consist primarily of employee costs, which include salaries and related payroll taxes and benefit-related costs, legal and accounting services and an allocation of related facilities expenses. General and administrative expenses decreased \$0.4 million, or 9.3%, during the third quarter of fiscal 2013 and \$0.1 million, or 1.0%, during the first nine months ended October 31, 2012, as compared to the same periods of fiscal 2012. These decreases were due to lower finance headcount related costs and lower corporate legal fees.

Amortization of Intangible Assets

The following table provides information regarding the change in amortization of intangible assets expenses during the periods presented:

	Three Mon Octob		Increase/ (Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)		Nine Mont Octob			Increase/ (Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)
	2012	2011	\$ Amount	% Change		2012		2011	\$ Amount	% Change
			(amou	ints in thousands, exce	ept for p	oercentage da	ta)			
Amortization of intangible assets	\$ 1,489	\$ 1,717	\$ (228)	(13.3)%	\$	4,439	\$	4,749	\$ (310)	(6.5)%
% of total revenue	3.8.%	40%				39%		3.9.%		

Amortization expense is primarily related to the costs of acquired intangible assets. Amortization is also based on the future economic value of the related intangible assets which is generally higher in the earlier years of the assets' lives. During the third quarter of fiscal 2013 and the first nine months of fiscal 2013, we incurred amortization expenses of \$0.5 million and \$1.5 million, respectively, which were charged to cost of sales. This is compared to \$0.8 million and \$1.9 million for the same periods of fiscal 2012. Additionally, for the third quarter and first nine months of fiscal 2013 we recorded amortization expense of \$1.0 million and \$2.9 million in operating expenses, compared to \$0.9 million and \$2.9 million, respectively, for the same periods of fiscal 2012

Stock-based Compensation Expense

The following table provides information regarding the change in stock-based compensation expense during the periods presented:

		Three Mon Octob	ed		ecrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)	Nine Mon Octob				rease/ crease)	Increase/ (Decrease)
	20	12	2011	\$ /	Amount	% Change	2012		2011	\$ A	mount	% Change
					(amounts	in thousands, except	for percentage da	ata)				
Stock-based compensation expense	\$	728	\$ 1,018	\$	(290)	(28.5)% \$	3,056	\$	3,134	\$	(78)	(2.5)%
% of total revenue		1.9.%	2.4.%				2.7.%		2.6.%			

Stock-based compensation expense is related to the issuance of stock grants to our employees, executives and Board of Directors. Stock-based compensation expense decreased \$0.3 million, or 28.5%, during the three months ended and \$0.1 million for the nine months ended October 31, 2012, as compared to the same periods of fiscal 2012. These decreases were primarily due to a reduction in overall executive headcount in fiscal 2013 and the fourth quarter of fiscal 2012, partially offset by an increase in expenses related to the performance-based stock compensation package granted to our new Chief Executive Officer, who was appointed to his permanent position on May 1, 2012.

Earn-outs and Change in Fair Value of Earn-outs

The following table provides information regarding the change in earn-outs and change in fair value of earn-out expenses during the periods presented:

		Three Mon Octob	ded	Increase/ (Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)		lonths E tober 31			(ncrease/ Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)
	2	012	2011	\$ Amount	% Change	2012		2011	S	Amount	% Change
				(amounts	in thousands, exce	pt for percentag	data)				
Earn-outs and change in fair value of earn-outs	\$	64	\$ 1,412	\$ (1,348)	(95.5)%	\$ 1,66	7 \$	1,517	\$	150	9.9.%
% of total revenue		0.2 %	3.3.%			1.4	.%	12%			

Earn-out costs include changes in the fair value of acquisition-related contingent consideration, and changes in contingent liabilities related to estimated earn-out payments. During the second quarter of fiscal 2013, we revised our estimate of potential earn-out payments to the former shareholders of VividLogic and recorded a liability of \$1.5 million in other accrued expenses on our consolidated balance sheet, to reflect estimated future financial performance compared to the respective earn-out criteria. For the three and nine month periods ended October 31, 2012, we have made cash earn-out payments of \$3.1 million and \$7.3 million, respectively.

Professional Fees- Acquisitions, Divestitures, Litigation, and Strategic Alternatives

The following table provides information regarding the change in professional fees expenses associated with acquisitions, divestitures, litigation and strategic alternatives during the periods presented:

	Th	ree Mon Octobe	ded		ncrease/ Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)	Nine Mo	nths E ber 31		ncrease/ Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)
	2012		2011	\$.	Amount	% Change	2012		2011	\$ Amount	% Change
					(amounts in	thousands, excep	t for percentage d	ata)			
Professional fees: acquisitions, divestitures, litigation and strategic											
alternatives	\$	26	\$ 597	\$	(571)	(95.6)%	\$ 1,445	\$	1,873	\$ (428)	(22.9)%
% of total revenue		0.1.%	1.4.%				1.3.%	ó	1.5.%		

Professional fees in fiscal 2013 are primarily related to fees paid to outside counsel for the divestiture of our Broadcast Servers and Storage business and our Media Services business. It also consists of fees to defend our patent litigation with ARRIS. During the third quarter of fiscal 2013, we incurred minimal charges related to our divestitures. The \$0.6 million decrease in professional fees for the three months ended October 31, 2012, as compared to the same period last year was a result of a decrease in charges related to our review of strategic alternatives and patent litigation fees relating to the ARRIS litigation.

For the nine months ended October 31, 2012, professional fees decreased \$0.4 million, as compared to the same period last year as we incurred significant costs associated with our review of strategic alternatives and the ARRIS patent litigation, which was partially offset by professional fees incurred in fiscal 2013 relating to our divestitures during the first quarter of fiscal 2013 and the acquisition of Flashlight during the second quarter of fiscal 2013.

Severance and Other Restructuring Expenses

The following table provides information regarding the change in severance and other restructuring expenses during the periods presented:

	 Three Mor Octob			Incre (Decr		Increase/ (Decrease)		Months Er October 31,			crease/ ecrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)
	 2012	20	11	\$ Am	ount	% Change	2012		2011	\$ A	Amount	% Change
					(amounts	in thousands, excep	ot for percentag	ge data)				
Severance and other restructuring expenses	\$ 1,476	\$	(6)	\$	1,482	>(100)%	\$ 2,9	18 \$	221	s	2,697	>100%
% of total revenue	3 8 %		(0.0)%				2	6 %	0.2 %			

Severance and other restructuring expenses increased \$1.5 million and \$2.7 million for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, respectively, as compared to the same periods of fiscal 2012. During the third quarter of fiscal 2013, we incurred severance charges of \$1.3 million related to the departure of nine employees, including two senior executives, as we continued to take actions to lower our cost structure and improve our financial performance. We also incurred a \$0.2 million charge to reduce the value of our building in New Hampshire.

For the nine months ended October 31, 2012, we incurred \$1.7 million of severance charges relating to the reduction of 30 employees this fiscal year. In addition, we also incurred a \$0.8 million charge to write off leasehold improvements for the reduction of space and certain other fixed assets in our leased facility in the Philippines, significantly reducing the size of this facility. We also incurred the \$0.2 million charge to reduce the value of our building in New Hampshire and one-time charges totaling \$0.2 million for a sign-on bonus, relocation expenses and recruitment fees that relate to the hiring and appointment of a permanent Chief Executive Officer on May 1, 2012. For the three and nine month period ended October 31, 2012, we have made cash severance payments of \$0.8 million and \$2.9 million, respectively.

Income Tax Benefit

	 Three Mon Octob		Increase/ (Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)	1	Nine Mon Octob			Increase/ (Decrease)	Increase/ (Decrease)
	2012	2011	\$ Amount	% Change	201	12		2011	\$ Amount	% Change
			(amount	s in thousands, exce	pt for per	entage da	ta)			
Income tax benefit	\$ (882)	\$ (368)	\$ (514)	139.7.%	\$	(766)	\$	(583)	\$ (183)	31.4.%
Effective tax rate	156.4.%	(60.2)%				9.4.%		(66.9)%		

For the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, we recorded income tax benefits of \$0.9 million and \$0.8 million, respectively on losses before tax of \$0.6 million for the three month period and \$8.2 million for the nine month period. During the third quarter of fiscal 2013, we recognized \$0.5 million of tax benefits resulting from the expiration of the statute of limitations for uncertain tax positions. The statute of limitations varies by the various jurisdictions in which we operate. In any given year, statute of limitations in certain jurisdictions may lapse without examination and any uncertain tax position taken in these years will result in reduction of the liability for unrecognized tax benefits for that year. Our tax provision is primarily due to income tax expense in certain states and profitable foreign jurisdictions. Our effective tax rate of (3.2%) was based on the full fiscal year estimates and projected profitability in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2013. In addition, our benefit is affected by the geographic jurisdiction in which the worldwide income or losses have incurred, resulting in the difference between the federal statutory rate of 35% and the forecasted effective tax rate.

In addition, we incurred a \$9.6 million U.S. capital tax loss as a result of the sale of our Media Services segment. We have determined it's more likely than not that we will not benefit from this capital loss carryforward. Therefore, we have provided a 100% valuation allowance against the capital loss.

Our effective tax rate in fiscal 2013 and in future periods may fluctuate on a quarterly basis based as a result of changes in the valuation of our deferred tax assets, changes in actual results versus our estimates, or changes in tax laws, regulations, accounting principles, or interpretations thereof. We regularly review our tax positions in each significant taxing jurisdiction in the process of evaluating our unrecognized tax benefits. We make adjustments to our unrecognized tax benefits when: i) facts and circumstance regarding a tax position change, causing a change in management's judgment regarding that tax position; ii) a tax position is effectively settled with a tax authority; and/or iii) the statute of limitations expires regarding a tax position.

Non-GAAP Measures. Beginning with the first quarter of fiscal 2013, we changed our reported non-GAAP measure of financial performance to both non-GAAP income from operations and adjusted EBITDA. We define non-GAAP income from operations as U.S. GAAP operating income or loss plus stock-based compensation expenses, amortization of intangible assets, inventory write-downs, earn-outs and change in fair value of earn-outs, professional fees associated with acquisitions, divestitures, litigation and strategic alternatives and severance and other restructuring costs. We define adjusted EBITDA as U.S. GAAP operating income or loss before depreciation expense, amortization of intangible assets, stock-based compensation expense, inventory write-downs, earn-outs and change in fair value of earn-outs, professional fees associated with acquisitions, divestitures, litigation and strategic alternatives, and severance and other restructuring costs. In periodic communications, we have discussed non-GAAP income from operations and also believe that adjusted EBITDA are both important measures that are not calculated according to U.S. GAAP. We use non-GAAP income from operations and adjusted EBITDA in internal forecasts and models when establishing internal operating budgets, supplementing the financial results and forecasts reported to our Board of Directors, determining a component of bonus compensation for executive officers and other key employees based on operating performance and evaluating short-term and long-term operating trends in our operations. We believe that non-GAAP income from operations and adjusted EBITDA financial measures assist in providing an enhanced understanding of our underlying operational measures to manage the business, to evaluate performance compared to prior periods and the marketplace, and to establish operational goals. We believe that these non-GAAP financial adjustments are useful to investors because they allow investors to evaluate the effectiveness of the methodology and information used by m

Non-GAAP income from operations and adjusted EBITDA are non-GAAP financial measures and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for financial information provided in accordance with U.S. GAAP. These non-GAAP financial measures may not be computed in the same manner as similarly titled measures used by other companies. We expect to continue to incur expenses similar to the non-GAAP income from operations and adjusted EBITDA financial adjustments described above, and investors should not infer from our presentation of this non-GAAP financial measure that these costs are unusual, infrequent or non-recurring.

The following tables include the reconciliations of our U.S. GAAP income or loss from operations, the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure, to our non-GAAP income from operations and the reconciliation of our U.S. GAAP income or loss from operations to our adjusted EBITDA for the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012 and 2011 (amounts in thousands, except per share and percentage data):

				Ionths Ended per 31, 2012				7	Three Months Ended October 31, 2011		
		GAAP						GAAP	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		_
	As	Reported	Ad	justments	No	on-GAAP	As	Reported	Adjustments	Non-GAAP	
Revenues:											
Products	\$	15,213	\$	-	\$	15,213	\$	21,267	\$ -	\$ 21,2	67
Services		24,036		-		24,036		21,646	-	21,6	46
Total revenues		39,249				39,249		42,913		42,9	
				,				,,			
Cost of revenues:											
Products		5,504		-		5,504		5,184	-	5,18	84
Services		13,807		-		13,807		12,512	-	12,5	12
Amortization of intangible assets		520		(520)		-		769	(769)		-
Stock-based compensation		(85)		85		-		140	(140)		-
Inventory write-down		_		_		_		_	_		_
Total cost of revenues		19,746		(435)		19,311		18,605	(909)	17,6	96
		,						_			
Gross profit		19,503		435		19,938		24,308	909	25,2	
Gross profit percentage		49.7%		1.1%		50.8%		56.6%	2.1%	58	8.8%
Operating expenses:											
Research and development		9,423		-		9,423		10,518	_	10,5	10
Selling and marketing		3,905		-		3,905		5,112	-	5,1	
General and administrative		3,728				3,728		4,111	-	3,1. 4,1.	
Amortization of intangible assets		969		(969)		3,720		948	(948)	4,1	-
		813		()		-		948 878	(878)		
Stock-based compensation expense		64		(813)		_		1,412	. ,		-
Earn-outs and change in fair value of earn-outs Professional fees: acquisitions, divestitures, litigation and strategic		04		(64)		-		1,412	(1,412)		-
alternatives		26		(26)				597	(597)		
Severance and other restructuring costs						-					_
		1,476		(1,476)		-		(6)	6		
Total operating expenses		20,404		(3,348)		17,056		23,570	(3,829)	19,7	_
(Loss) income from operations	\$	(901)	\$	3,783	\$	2,882	\$	738	\$ 4,738	\$ 5,4	
(Loss) income from operations percentage		(2.3)%		9.6%		7.3%		1.7%	11.0%	12	2.8%
Basic shares outstanding						32,474				32,1	22
Basic non-GAAP earnings per share					0						
Basic non-GAA1 carnings per snare					\$	0.09				3 0.	17
Adjusted EBITDA:											
(Loss) income from operations					\$	(901)				\$ 73	38
Denne sietien enneme						1.024				1.2	7.4
Depreciation expense Amortization of intangible assets						1,034 1,489				1,2°	
Stock-based compensation expense						728				1,0	
•						64				1,0	
Earn-outs and changes in fair value						26					97
Professional fees: acquisitions, divestitures, etc.						26				35	9/
Inventory write-down						1.475					
Severance and other restructuring						1,476					(6)
Adjusted EBITDA					\$	3,916				\$ 6,75	50
Adjusted EBITDA %						10.0%					5.7%
						10.070					- , , 0

				nths Ended r 31, 2012					October 31			
	GA	AP		·			-	GAAP				
	As Rep	orted	Adjı	stments	ľ	Non-GAAP	As	Reported	Adjustm	ents	Non-	GAAP
Revenues:												
Products	\$	40,681	\$	-	\$	40,681	\$	53,669	\$	-	\$	53,669
Services		71,932				71,932		67,799		-		67,799
Total revenues		112,613				112,613		121,468				121,468
Cost of revenues:												
Products		13,771		-		13,771		14,691		-		14,691
Services		39,287		-		39,287		36,054		-		36,054
Amortization of intangible assets		1,548		(1,548)		-		1,886		(1,886)		-
Stock-based compensation		109		(109)		-		380		(380)		-
Inventory write-down		1,752		(1,752)		-		-		-		-
Total cost of revenues		56,467		(3,409)		53,058		53,011		(2,266)		50,745
Gross profit		56,146		3,409		59,555		68,457		2,266		70,723
Gross profit percentage		49.9%		3.0%		52.9%		56.4%		1.9%		58.2%
Operating expenses:												
Research and development		29,042		_		29,042		30,436				30,436
Selling and marketing		11,987				11,987		15,802				15,802
General and administrative		12,126				12,126		12,247				12,247
Amortization of intangible assets		2,891		(2,891)		12,120		2,863		(2,863)		-
Stock-based compensation expense		2,947		(2,947)		_		2,754		(2,754)		-
Earn-outs and change in fair value of earn-outs		1.667		(1,667)				1,517		(1,517)		
Professional fees: acquisitions, divestitures, litigation and strategic		1,007		(1,007)		=		1,517		(1,517)		-
alternatives		1,445		(1,445)		_		1,873		(1,873)		_
Severance and other restructuring costs		2,918		(2,918)		-		221		(221)		
Total operating expenses		65.023		(11,868)		53,155		67,713		(9,228)		58,485
(Loss) income from operations	Ф.	,.	\$	(),	\$		•	744	Ф.		Ф.	,
(Loss) income from operations percentage	\$	(8,877) (7.9)%	2	15,277	Ψ	6,400 5.7%	2	0.6%	2	9.5%	•	12,238 10.1%
• • •		(1.5)70		13.070				0.070		7.570		
Basic shares outstanding						32,554						32,055
Basic non-GAAP earnings per share					\$	0.20					\$	0.38
Adjusted EBITDA:												
(Loss) income from operations					\$	(8,877)					\$	744
Depreciation expense						3,341						4,157
Amortization of intangible assets						4,439						4,749
Stock-based compensation expense						3,056						3,134
Earn-outs and changes in fair value						1,667						1,517
Professional fees: acquisitions, divestitures, etc.						1,445						1,873
Inventory write-down						1,752						
Severance and other restructuring						2,918						221
Adjusted EBITDA					s	0.741					•	16 207
Adjusted EBITDA %					3	9,741 8.6%					•	16,395 13.5%
Aujustia DilDA /0						0.0 /0						13.3/(

Nine Months Ended

Nine Months Ended

In managing and reviewing our business performance, we exclude a number of items required by U.S. GAAP. Management believes that excluding these items is useful in understanding the trends and managing our operations. We provide these supplemental non-GAAP measures in order to assist the investment community to see SeaChange through the "eyes of management," and therefore enhance the understanding of SeaChange's operating performance. Non-GAAP financial measures should be viewed in addition to, not as an alternative to, our reported results prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Our non-GAAP financial measures reflect adjustments based on the following items:

Amortization of Intangible Assets. We incur amortization expense of intangible assets related to various acquisitions that have been made in recent years. These intangible assets are valued at the time of acquisition, are then amortized over a period of several years after the acquisition and generally cannot be changed or influenced by management after the acquisition. We believe that exclusion of these expenses allows comparisons of operating results that are consistent over time for the Company's newly-acquired and long-held businesses.

Stock-Based Compensation Expense. We incur expenses related to stock-based compensation included in our U.S. GAAP presentation of cost of revenues, selling, general and administrative expense and research and development expense. Although stock-based compensation is an expense we incur and is viewed as a form of compensation, the expense varies in amount from period, and is affected by market forces that are difficult to predict and are not within the control of management, such as the market price and volatility of our shares, risk-free interest rates and the expected term and forfeiture rates of the awards.

Inventory Write-down. We incur inventory write-downs of our legacy product lines as we end the life of certain product lines to focus on selling the new products being developed.

Earn-Outs and Change in Fair Value of Earn-Outs. Earn-outs and the change in the fair value of the earn-outs are considered by management to be non-recurring expenses to the former shareholders of the businesses we acquire. We also incur expense due to changes in fair value related to contingent consideration that we believe would otherwise impair comparability among periods.

Professional Fees: Acquisitions, Divestitures, Litigation, and Strategic Alternatives. We have excluded the effect of legal professional costs associated with our acquisitions, divestitures, litigation and strategic alternatives because the amount and timing of the expenses are largely non-recurring.

Severance and Other Restructuring. We incurred charges due to the restructuring of our business, including severance charges and facility reductions resulting from our restructuring and streamlining efforts and any changes due to revised estimates, which we generally would not have otherwise incurred in the periods presented as part of our continuing operations. We also incurred charges for the hiring and appointment of the Chief Executive Officer.

Depreciation Expense. We incur depreciation expense related to capital assets purchased to support the ongoing operations of the business. These assets are recorded at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over the useful life of the asset. Purchases of such assets may vary significantly from period to period and without any correlation to underlying operating performance. Management believes that exclusion of depreciation expense allows comparisons of operating results that are consistent across past, present and future periods.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements. As such, we are not exposed to any financing, liquidity, market or credit risk that could arise if we had engaged in such relationships.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The following table includes key line items of our consolidated statements of cash flows:

	Nine Months October		Increase/ (Decrease)
	 2012	2011	\$ Amount
	(amo	ounts in thousands	s)
Total cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$ (2,676) \$	6,941	\$ (9,617)
Total cash provided by (used in) investing activities	12,257	(11,383)	23,640
Total cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(4,938)	1,789	(6,727)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash	 (170)	166	(336)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$ 4,473 \$	(2,487)	\$ 6,960

Historically, we have financed our operations and capital expenditures primarily with cash on-hand. Cash, restricted cash, and marketable securities increased from \$93.8 million at January 31, 2012 to \$100.0 million at October 31, 2012. The increase in our cash and marketable securities of \$6.2 million was primarily due to the proceeds from the sale of the Broadcast Servers and Storage and Media Service businesses, which resulted in us receiving total net proceeds of \$24.1 million, and non-cash expenses of \$13.3 million. These proceeds were primarily offset by a use of cash from our net losses of \$7.3 million, changes in operating assets and liabilities of \$8.5 million, capital expenditures of \$2.4 million, earn-out payments of \$7.9 million and the purchase of \$6.1 million of stock under a share repurchase program.

Operating Activities

Below are key line items affecting cash from operating activities:

	Nine Months Ended October 31,			Increase/ (Decrease)		
		2012	2011	\$ Amount		
	(amounts in thousands)					
Net (loss) income from continuing operations	\$	(7,314) \$	1,670	\$ (8,984)		
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to cash (used in) provided by						
operating activities		12,414	15,599	(3,185)		
Net income including adjustments		5,100	17,269	(12,169)		
Decrease in accounts receivable		1,089	5,955	(4,866)		
Increase in prepaid expenses and other current assets		(2,484)	(2,252)	(232)		
Increase in accrued expenses		2,262	935	1,327		
Decrease in deferred revenues		(6,389)	(7,752)	1,363		
All other – net		(2,971)	(9,354)	6,383		
Net cash (used in) provided by operarting activities from continuing			<u> </u>	,		
operations		(3,393)	4,801	(8,194)		
Net cash provided by operating activities from discontinued operations		717	2,140	(1,423)		
	\$	(2,676) \$	6,941	(9,617)		

We used net cash in operating activities from continuing operations of \$3.4 million for the nine months ended October 31, 2012. Our net loss from continuing operations adjusted for non-cash expenses provided cash of \$6.4 million which was primarily offset by a \$6.4 million decrease in deferred revenues resulting from lower annual renewals of post warranty contracts and \$2.9 million used for severance payments.

Investing Activities

Cash flows from investing activities are as follows:

	Nine Months Ended October 31.			Increase/ (Decrease)	
	2012		2011	\$ Amount	
	(amounts in thousands)				
Purchases of property and equipment	\$	(2,423) \$	(931) \$	(1,492)	
Purchases of marketable securities		(12,110)	(14,909)	2,799	
Proceeds from sale and maturity of marketable securities		11,205	9,492	1,713	
Additional proceeds from sale of equity investment		814	-	814	
Acquisition of businesses and payment of contingent consideration, net of					
cash acquired		(7,866)	(3,653)	(4,213)	
(Increase) decrease in restricted cash		(923)	136	(1,059)	
Net cash used in investing activities from continuing operations		(11,303)	(9,865)	(1,438)	
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities from discontinued			· · · · · ·		
operations		23,560	(1,518)	25,078	
	\$	12,257 \$	(11,383) \$	23,640	

We used \$11.3 million of cash in investing activities from continuing operations primarily related to the purchase of capital assets of \$2.4 million, \$7.9 million of earn-out payments to the former shareholders of eventIS and VividLogic, \$0.3 million for the acquisition of Flashlight assets and \$0.9 million of net marketable security purchases. This cash used in investing activities was offset by \$0.8 million in additional proceeds that we received in the second quarter of fiscal 2013 from the sale of our equity investment in InSite One, Inc. in fiscal 2012.

Financing Activities

Cash flows from financing activities are as follows:

	Nine M Oc	Increase/ (Decrease)			
	2012 2011		\$ Amount		
	(amounts in thousands)				
Repurchases of our common stock	(6,07	78)	- (6,078)		
Proceeds from issuance of common stock relating to stock option exercises	1,14	40 1,78	9 (649)		
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities from continuing operations	(4,93	38) 1,78	9 (6,727)		
Net cash provided by investing activities from discontinued operations		-			
	\$ (4,93	38) \$ 1,78	9 \$ (6,727)		

We used \$4.9 million in cash from our financing activities primarily due to using \$6.1 million in cash for the purchase of stock under a stock repurchase plan during the third quarter of fiscal 2013. This amount was partially offset by the issuance of common stock for the exercise of employee stock options of \$1.1 million.

Effect of exchange rate changes decreased cash and cash equivalents by \$0.2 million for the nine months ended October 31, 2012, due to the translation of European subsidiaries cash balances, which use the Euro as their functional currency, to U.S. dollars.

On September 1, 2009, we completed the acquisition of eventIS from a holding company in which Erwin van Dommelen, who was President of SeaChange Software from March 2010 to September 2012, has a 32% interest in the holding company. Under the terms of the definitive agreement, SeaChange paid \$36.6 million upon the closing of the transaction on September 1, 2009. In addition, SeaChange was obligated to pay €1.2 million (approximately \$1.5 million) in cash to the former eventIS shareholders on each of the first three anniversary dates following the acquisition. SeaChange was also obligated on each of the aforementioned anniversary dates to issue shares of restricted stock of SeaChange equating to €800,000 (approximately \$1.0 million) annually to the former eventIS shareholders. The purchase price also included a performance-based component principally related to the achievement of certain annual revenue targets for eventIS and SeaChange products and services. The revenue performance metrics will cover the three year period ending January 31, 2013 with payment upon achievement of these metrics occurring annually. We have made cash payments to date to the holding company of \$47.0 million and issued approximately 304,000 restricted common shares. On September 1, 2012, we amended the eventIS share purchase agreement with the holding company and as a result, we will accelerate unvested restricted shares of approximately 102,000 shares on September 1, 2013. Obligated cash payments of €1.7 million (approximately §2.2 million) were also paid in the third quarter of fiscal 2013. The amendment did not change the total amount of payments payable under the purchase agreement. We estimated an additional §0.7 million may become due under the earn-out provisions of the eventIS share purchase agreement, which will be paid to the holding company if certain performance goals are met.

Under the share purchase agreement with the former shareholders of VividLogic, we are obligated to make a fixed payment of \$1.0 million on February 1, 2013. Additional earn-out payments may be earned for the year ending January 31, 2013, and if certain performance goals are met. We estimated that the earn-out payments to be made by the end of fiscal 2013 based on qualifying product revenue will be \$1.5 million which we have recorded as a liability in our consolidated balance sheet as of October 31, 2012.

Our \$20.0 million revolving line of credit with RBS Citizens expired on October 31, 2012. On November 28, 2012, we entered into a letter agreement with JP Morgan for a demand discretionary line of credit and a Demand Promissory Note in the aggregate amount of \$20.0 million (the "Line of Credit"). Borrowings under the Line of Credit will be used to finance working capital needs and for general corporate purposes. The Line of Credit expires on November 27, 2013. We currently do not have any borrowings under this line

We are occasionally required to post customer performance bonds, issued by a financial institution, to secure certain sales contracts. Customer performance bonds generally authorize the financial institution to make a payment to the beneficiary upon the satisfaction of a certain event or the failure to satisfy an obligation. The customer performance bonds are generally posted for one-year terms and are usually automatically renewed upon maturity until such time as we have satisfied the commitment secured by the customer performance bond. We are obligated to reimburse the issuer only if the beneficiary collects on the customer performance bonds. We currently have a customer performance bond outstanding totaling \$0.9 million which was previously secured under the RBS Citizens line of credit. This performance bond will be transferred under the recently signed demand line of credit with JP Morgan, but as an interim procedure until the performance bond is transferred, we signed a Pledge and Security Agreement with RBS Citizens which requires us to reimburse RBS Citizens for all amounts paid under the customer performance bonds. As such, we transferred \$0.9 million to restricted cash on our consolidated balance sheet as of October 31, 2012 to cover these outstanding customer performance bonds.

We believe that existing funds combined with available borrowings under the line of credit and cash provided by future operating activities are adequate to satisfy our working capital, potential acquisitions and capital expenditure requirements and other contractual obligations for the foreseeable future, including at least the next 12 months. However, if our expectations are incorrect, we may need to raise additional funds to fund our operations, to take advantage of unanticipated strategic opportunities or to strengthen our financial position.

In addition, we actively review potential acquisitions that would complement our existing product offerings, enhance our technical capabilities or expand our marketing and sales presence. Any future transaction of this nature could require potentially significant amounts of capital or could require us to issue our stock and dilute existing stockholders. If adequate funds are not available, or are not available on acceptable terms, we may not be able to take advantage of market opportunities, to develop new products or to otherwise respond to competitive pressures.

On March 28, 2012, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$25.0 million of our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, through a share repurchase program. The repurchase program terminates on January 31, 2013. Under the program, management is authorized to repurchase shares through Rule 10b5-1 plans, open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, block purchases or otherwise in accordance with applicable federal securities laws, including Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. We executed a Rule 10b5-1 plan commencing in September 2012. This share repurchase program does not obligate us to acquire any specific number of shares and may be suspended or discontinued at any time. All repurchases are expected to be funded from our current cash and investment balances. The timing and amount of the shares to be repurchased will be based on market conditions and other factors, including price, corporate and regulatory requirements, and alternative investment opportunities. As of October 31, 2012, we have repurchased a total of 749,524 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$8.11 per share and used a total of \$6.1 million of cash, including fees.

Effects of Inflation

Management believes that financial results have not been significantly impacted by inflation and price changes in materials we use in manufacturing our products.

Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgment and Estimates

Revenue Recognition

Our transactions frequently involve the sales of hardware, software, systems and services in multiple element arrangements. Revenues from sales of hardware, software and systems that do not require significant modification or customization of the underlying software are recognized when title and risk of loss has passed to the customer, there is evidence of an arrangement, fees are fixed or determinable and collection of the related receivable is considered probable. Customers are billed for installation, training, project management and at least one year of product maintenance and technical support at the time of the product sale and recognized ratably over the period in which these services are performed. Revenue from ongoing product maintenance and technical support agreements are recognized ratably over the period of the related agreements. Revenue from software development contracts that include significant modification or customization, including software product enhancements, is recognized based on the percentage of completion contract accounting method using labor efforts expended in relation to estimates of total labor efforts to complete the contract. Accounting for contract amendments and customer change orders are included in contract accounting when executed. Revenue from shipping and handling costs and other out-of-pocket expenses reimbursed by customers are included in revenues and cost of revenues. Our share of intercompany profits associated with sales and services provided to affiliated companies are eliminated in consolidation in proportion to our equity ownership.

Under the software revenue recognition rules, the fee is allocated to the various elements based on VSOE of fair value. Underthis method, the total arrangement value is allocated first to undelivered elements, based on their fair values, with the remainder being allocated to the delivered elements. Where fair value of undelivered service elements has not been established, the total arrangement value is recognized over the period during which the services are performed. The amounts allocated to undelivered elements, which may include project management, training, installation, maintenance and technical support and certain hardware and software components, are based upon the price charged when these elements are sold separately and unaccompanied by the other elements. The amount allocated to installation, training and project management revenue is based upon standard hourly billing rates and the estimated time required to complete the service. These services are not essential to the functionality of systems as these services do not alter the equipment's capabilities, are available from other vendors and the systems are standard products. For multiple element arrangements that include software development with significant modification or customization and systems sales where VSOE of the fair value does not exist for the undelivered elements of the arrangement (other than maintenance and technical support), percentage of completion accounting is applied for revenue recognition purposes to the entire arrangement with the exception of maintenance and technical support.

Under the revenue recognition rules for tangible products as amended by ASU 2009-13, the fee from a multiple-deliverable arrangement is allocated to each of the deliverables based upon their relative selling prices as determined by a selling-price hierarchy. A deliverable in an arrangement qualifies as a separate unit of accounting if the delivered item has value to the customer on a stand-alone basis. A delivered item that does not qualify as a separate unit of accounting is combined with the other undelivered items in the arrangement and revenue is recognized for those combined deliverables as a single unit of accounting. The selling price used for each deliverable is based upon VSOE if available, TPE if VSOE is not available, and BESP if neither VSOE nor TPE are available. TPE is the price of our or any competitor's largely interchangeable products or services in stand-alone sales to similarly situated customers. BESP is the price at which we would sell the deliverable if it were sold regularly on a stand-alone basis, considering market conditions and entity-specific factors.

The selling prices used in the relative selling price allocation method for certain of our services are based upon VSOE. The selling prices used in the relative selling price allocation method for third-party products from other vendors are based upon TPE. The selling prices used in the relative selling price allocation method for our hardware products; software, subscriptions, and customized services for which VSOE does not exist are based upon BESP. We do not believe TPE exists for these products and services because they are differentiated from competing products and services in terms of functionality and performance and there are no competing products or services that are largely interchangeable. We establish BESP with consideration for market conditions, such as the impact of competition and geographic considerations, and entity-specific factors, such as the cost of the product, discounts provided and profit objectives. Management believes that BESP is reflective of reasonable pricing of that deliverable as if priced on a standalone basis.

Goodwill

In connection with acquisitions of operating entities, we recognize the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets acquired as goodwill. Goodwill is not amortized, but is evaluated for impairment, at the reporting unit level, annually in our third quarter beginning August 1. Goodwill of a reporting unit may be tested for impairment on an interim basis, in addition to the annual evaluation, if an event occurs or circumstances change which would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount.

During the third quarter of fiscal 2013, we performed our annual impairment test of goodwill. FASB guidance released in September 2011 allows for a step to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it was more likely than not that the fair value was less than our carrying value. We chose to skip this step and calculated the fair value using the two-step goodwill impairment test. We first calculated the fair value of the reporting unit using two generally accepted approaches for valuing businesses. We then performed "Step 1" and compared the calculated fair value to the carrying value, which was \$42.9 million as of August 1, 2012.

The process of evaluating goodwill for impairment requires several judgments and assumptions to be made to determine the fair value of the reporting units, including the method used to determine fair value, discount rates, expected levels of cash flows, revenues and earnings, and the selection of comparable companies used to develop market based assumptions. We may employ three generally accepted approaches for valuing businesses: the market approach, the income approach, and the asset-based (cost) approach to arrive at the fair value. In calculating the fair value, we derived the standalone projected five year cash flows for the Company. This process started with the projected cash flows which were discounted. The choice of which approach and methods to use in a particular situation depends on the facts and circumstances.

We determined that based on "Step 1" of our annual goodwill test, the fair value of the Company's goodwill balance exceeded its carrying value. In aggregate, there was excess fair value over the carrying value of the net assets ranging from \$50-\$85 million. The ranges of fair value over and above the carrying value calculated by the company as of August 1, 2012 ranged from 62% to 107%.

Key data points included in the calculation of market capitalization of \$240.5 million were as follows:

- · Shares outstanding as of August 1, 2012 were 32,628,768; and
- \$7.37 closing price as of August 1, 2012.

Accordingly, since no impairment indicator existed as of August 1, 2012, our annual impairment date, and the implied fair value of goodwill exceeded the carrying value, we determined that goodwill was not at risk of failing "Step 1" and was appropriately stated as of August 1, 2012.

To validate our conclusions and determine the reasonableness of our annual impairment test, we performed the following:

- Reconciled our estimated enterprise value to market capitalization comparing the calculated fair value to our market capitalization as of August 1, 2012, our annual impairment test date. Our implied fair value decreased between \$70.9 million and \$79.8 million when comparing August 1, 2012 and August 1, 2011;
- · Prepared a "reporting unit" fair value calculation using three different approaches;
- · Reviewed our historical operating performance for the current fiscal year;
- · Performed a sensitivity analysis on key assumptions such as weighted-average cost of capital and terminal growth rates; and
- · Reviewed market participant assumptions.

We used two generally accepted approaches to value the Company. The Market approach provides value indications through a comparison with guideline public companies or guideline transactions. The valuation multiple is an expression of what investors believe to be a reasonable valuation relative to a measure of financial information such as revenues, earnings or cashflows. The Income approach provides value indications through an analysis of its projected earnings, discounted to present value. We employed a weighted-average cost of capital rate. The estimated weighted-average cost of capital was based on the risk-free interest rate and other factors such as equity risk premiums and the ratio of total debt to equity capital. In performing the annual impairment tests, we took steps to ensure appropriate and reasonable cash flow projections and assumptions were used. The discount rate used to estimate future cash flows was 14.5%.

Our projections for the next five years included increased revenue and operating expenses, in line with the expected revenue growth over the next five years based on current market and economic conditions and our historical knowledge. Historical growth rates served as only one input to the projected future growth used in the goodwill impairment analysis. These historical growth rates were adjusted based on other inputs regarding anticipated customer contracts. The forecasts have incorporated any changes to the revenue and operating expense resulting from the third quarter of fiscal 2013. We estimated the operating expenses based on a rate consistent with the current experience and estimated revenue growth over the next five years. A failure to execute as forecasted over the next five years could have an adverse effect on our annual impairment test. Future adverse changes in market conditions or poor operating results of the reporting unit could result in losses or an inability to recover the carrying value of the investment in the reporting unit, thereby possibly requiring an impairment charge in the future. We record an impairment charge when we believe an investment has experienced a decline in value that is other-than-temporary.

In May 2012, as part of our strategy to transform the Company into a pure-play software company, we completed the sale of the Broadcast Servers and Storage and Media Services businesses. We currently operate under one reporting unit. As a result of the sale of Media Services we incurred a non-cash goodwill impairment charge of approximately \$17 million that we recorded in the first quarter of fiscal 2013. The goodwill table below shows the amount of goodwill relating to continued operations as of October 31, 2012. Goodwill related to our Broadcast Servers and Storage business of \$0.6 million was excluded from our January 31, 2012 balance, as we signed a definitive asset sale agreement to sell our Broadcast Server and Storage business in March 2012, before we filed our Form 10-K. No impairment was recorded as a result of the sale of the Broadcast Servers and Storage business.

		Media					
	_	Software		Services		Total	
Balance at January 31, 2012	\$	44,414	\$	19,226	\$	63,640	
Goodwill related to discontinued operations		110		(19,226)		(19,116)	
Cumulative translation adjustment		(395)		-		(395)	
Balance at October 31, 2012	\$	44,129	\$	_	\$	44,129	

We also monitor economic, legal and other factors as a whole between annual impairment tests to ensure that there are no indicators that make it more likely than not that there has been a decline in our fair value below our carrying value. Specifically, we monitor industry trends, our market capitalization, recent and forecasted financial performance and the timing and nature of any restructuring activities. We do not believe that there are any indicators of impairment as of October 31, 2012. If these estimates or the related assumptions change, we may be required to record non-cash impairment charges for these assets in the future.

Recent Accounting Standard Updates

Impact of Recently Adopted Accounting Guidance

Goodwill Impairment Test

In September 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-08, 'Intangibles – Goodwill and Other: Testing Goodwill for Impairment,' which provided additional guidance on the annual and interim goodwill impairment testing. The guidance became effective for the Company at the beginning of fiscal 2013. This guidance provides entities with an option to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If it is determined, on the basis of qualitative factors, that the fair value of the reporting unit is more likely than not less than the carrying amount, the two-step goodwill impairment test will be required. The adoption of this update had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements. See Note 6, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets", for further information on the Company's annual impairment tests.

Fair Value Measurements

In May 2011, the FASB issued ASU 2011-04, "Fair Value Measurement – Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRS," which amended previous guidance clarifying how to measure and disclose fair value. The guidance became effective for us at the beginning of fiscal 2013. The update amends the application of the "highest and best use" concept to be used only in the measurement of the fair value of nonfinancial assets, clarifies that the measurement of the fair value of equity-classified financial instruments should be performed from the perspective of a market participant who holds the instrument as an asset, clarifies that an entity that manages a group of financial assets and liabilities on the basis of its net exposure to those risks, and clarifies when premiums and discounts should be taken into account when measuring fair value. This guidance results in a consistent definition of fair value and common requirements for the measurement of and disclosure about fair value between International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and U.S. GAAP. The guidance also changes some fair value measurement principles and enhances disclosure requirements related to activities in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. Besides a change in disclosure requirements, the adoption of this update had no impact on our consolidated financial statements.

Recent Accounting Guidance Not Yet Effective

Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets

In July 2012, the FASB issued ASU 2012-02, "Intangibles – Goodwill and Other: Testing Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets for Impairment," which amends previous guidance on the annual and interim testing of indefinite-lived intangible assets for impairment. The guidance becomes effective at the beginning of our 2014 fiscal year, although early adoption is permitted. The update provides entities with the option of first assessing qualitative factors to determine whether it is more than likely than not that the fair value of an indefinite-lived intangible asset is less than its carrying amount. If it is determined, on the basis of qualitative factors, that the fair value of the indefinite-lived intangible asset is more likely than not less than the carrying amount, a quantitative impairment test would still be required. We perform annual impairment tests in the third quarter of each fiscal year. The adoption of this update is not expected to have a significant impact on our consolidated financial statements.

ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

We face exposure to financial market risks, including adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates and changes in interest rates. These exposures may change over time as business practices evolve and could have a material adverse impact on our financial results. Our foreign currency exchange exposure is primarily associated with product sales arrangements or settlement of intercompany payables and receivables among subsidiaries and its parent company, and/or investment/equity contingency considerations denominated in the local currency where the functional currency of the foreign subsidiary is the U.S. dollar.

Substantially all of our international product sales are payable in United States Dollars (USD). In the case of our operations in the Netherlands, product sales are generally payable in local currencies, providing a natural hedge for receipts and local payments. In light of the high proportion of our international businesses, we expect the risk of any adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates could have an impact on our translated results within the consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income and the consolidated balance sheets. For the first nine months of fiscal 2013 and fiscal 2012, we generated a foreign currency translation gain of \$6.6 million and \$2.7 million, respectively, which were recorded as accumulated other comprehensive gain, increasing our equity section of the consolidated balance sheet over the prior year.

All foreign currency gains and losses are included in other (expense) income, net, in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations. For the three and nine months ended October 31, 2012, we recorded \$0.4 million and \$41,239, respectively in gains due to international subsidiary translations and cash settlements of revenues and expenses.

Interest Rate Risk

Exposure to market risk for changes in interest rates relates primarily to our investment portfolio of marketable debt securities of various issuers, types and maturities and to our borrowings under our bank line of credit facility. We do not use interest rate related derivative instruments in our investment portfolio, and our investment portfolio only includes highly liquid instruments. Our cash and marketable securities include cash equivalents, which we consider to be investments purchased with original maturities of three months or less. There is risk that losses could be incurred if we were to sell any of our securities prior to stated maturity. Given the short maturities and investment grade quality of the portfolio holdings at October 31, 2012, a sharp change in interest rates should not have a material adverse impact on the fair value of our investment portfolio. Additionally, our long term marketable investments, which are carried at the lower of cost or market, have fixed interest rates, and therefore are subject to changes in fair value.

ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

- (a) Evaluation of disclosure controls and procedures. We evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q. Raghu Rau, our Chief Executive Officer, and Michael D. Bornak, our Chief Financial Officer, reviewed and participated in this evaluation. Based upon that evaluation, Messrs. Rau and Bornak concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this report and as of the date of the evaluation.
- (b) Changes in internal controls over financial reporting. As a result of the evaluation completed by us, and in which Messrs. Rau and Bornak participated, we have concluded that there were no changes during the fiscal quarter ended October 31, 2012 in our internal controls over financial reporting, which have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings

On July 31, 2009, ARRIS Group, Inc. ("ARRIS") filed a contempt motion in the U.S. District Court for the District of Delaware ("the Court") against SeaChange International relating to U.S. Patent No 5,805,804 (the "'804 patent"), a patent in which ARRIS has an ownership interest. On August 3, 2009, SeaChange filed a complaint seeking a declaratory judgment from the Court that its products do not infringe the '804 patent and asserting certain equitable defenses. On June 4, 2010, the Court entered an Order staying the declaratory judgment action pending resolution of the contempt proceeding. On September 2, 2011, the Court entered an Order in which it concluded that a contempt proceeding was the appropriate procedure for resolving the parties' dispute and that further factual and legal determinations would be necessary. On March 1, 2012, the Court conducted a hearing on the contempt motion at which the parties submitted additional information. On October 9, 2012, the Court rejected ARRIS's contempt allegations, concluding that the record did not contain clear and convicing evidence to support a contempt finding that SeaChange's modified ITV system infringes the ARRIS patent. The Court denied ARRIS motion of contempt. ARRIS filed a Notice of Appeal on November 8, 2012. The District Court has continued the stay of SeaChange's case seeking a declaratory judgment pending resolution of ARRIS's appeal.

We enter into agreements in the ordinary course of business with customers, resellers, distributors, integrators. Most of these agreements require us to defend and/or indemnify the other party against intellectual property infringement claims brought by a third party with respect to our products. From time to time, we also indemnify customers and business partners for damages, losses and liabilities they may suffer or incur relating to personal injury, personal property damage, product liability, and environmental claims relating to the use of our products and services or resulting from the acts or omissions of us, our employees, authorized agents or subcontractors. For example, we have received requests from several of our customers for indemnification of patent litigation claims asserted by Pragmatus VOD, LLC, Content Delivery Solutions, and Active Video Networks. Management cannot reasonably estimate any potential losses, but these claims could result in material liability for us.

ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

In addition to the other information set forth in this Form 10-Q, you should carefully consider the risk factors discussed in Part I, "Item 1A. Risk Factors" in our Form 10-K for the year ended January 31, 2012, which could materially affect our business, financial condition or future results. The risks described in our Form 10-K are not the only risks that we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition or future results.

ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Repurchase of Our Equity Securities

On March 28, 2012, our Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to \$25.0 million of our common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, through a share repurchase program. The repurchase program terminates on January 31, 2013. Under the program, management is authorized to repurchase shares through Rule 10b5-1 plans, open market purchases, privately negotiated transactions, block purchases or otherwise in accordance with applicable federal securities laws, including Rule 10b-18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. We executed a Rule 10b5-1 plan commencing in September 2012. This share repurchase program does not obligate us to acquire any specific number of shares and may be suspended or discontinued at any time. All repurchases are expected to be funded from our current cash and investment balances. The timing and amount of the shares to be repurchased will be based on market conditions and other factors, including price, corporate and regulatory requirements, and alternative investment opportunities. As of October 31, 2012, we have repurchased a total of 749,524 shares of our common stock at an average price of \$8.11 per share and used a total of \$6.1 million of cash, including fees.

The following table provides information about our repurchases of our equity securities during the quarter ended October 31, 2012:

Period	Total Number of Shares (or Units) Purchased	Paid	rage Price per Share r Units)	Total Number of Shares (Or Units) Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs	D U	Maximum Number (or Approximate ollar Value) of Shares (Or nits) that May Yet Be Purchased der the Plans or Programs
August 1, 2012 to August 31, 2012		\$		63,000	\$	24,496,000
September 1, 2012 to September 30, 2012	411,699	\$	8.02	474,699	\$	21,194,174
October 1, 2012 to October 31, 2012	274,825	\$	8.26	749,524	\$	18,924,120
Total	686.524		\$ 8 11	749 524	\$	18 924 120

ITEM 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits

See the Exhibit Index following the signature page to this Form 10-Q.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, SeaChange International, Inc. has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: December 7, 2012

SEACHANGE INTERNATIONAL, INC

by: /S/ MICHAEL D. BORNAK

Michael D. Bornak Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President, Finance and Administration, Treasurer and Secretary

Index to Exhibits

No.	Description
10.1	Amendment No. 1, dated as of September 1, 2012, to Agreement for the Acquisition of the Entire Issued Share Capital of Eventis Group B.V., dated as of September 1, 2009, by and among SeaChange International, Inc., Ventise Holding B.V. and SeaChange B.V.
10.2	Line of Credit Agreement, dated as of November 28, 2012 by and among SeaChange International, Inc. and JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith).
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith).
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (furnished herewith).
101.INS*	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema
101.CAL*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase
101.DEF*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase
101.LAB*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase
101.PRE*	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase

^{*} Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to liability under that section, and shall not be incorporated by reference into any registration statement or other document filed under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

AMENDMENT NO. 1 TO AGREEMENT FOR THE ACQUISITION OF THE ENTIRE ISSUED CAPITAL OF EVENTIS GROUP BV

This Amendment No. 1 ("Amendment") is entered into as of September 1, 2012 (the "Effective Date") by and between Ventise Holding B.V. ("Vendor"), SeaChange B.V. ("Purchaser") and SeaChange International, Inc. ("Parent"), and amends that Certain Agreement for the Acquisition of the Entire Issued Capital of EventIS Group B.V. dated September 1, 2009 between the Parties (the "Agreement"). Each of Vendor, Purchaser and Parent and is a "Party," and all three are sometimes collectively referred to as the "Parties."

RECITALS

- A. The Parties have previously entered into the Agreement, under which Purchaser acquired all of the outstanding Shares of the EventIS Group B.V.
- B. The Parties desire to amend and modify certain terms and conditions of the Agreement as expressly set forth in this Amendment relating to the Deferred Fixed Purchase Price.

AMENDMENT

In consideration of the foregoing, and of the other obligations of the Parties as set forth in the Agreement and this Amendment, Parties, intending to amend the Agreement and to be legally bound, agree as follows:

1. Amendment to Section 3.6.2 of the Agreement – Acceleration of Cash Payments. Section 3.6.2 of the Agreement, provides that on each of the first, second and third anniversaries of the Closing (September 1, 2010, September 1, 2011, and September 1, 2012, respectively), Parent shall issue Annual Restricted Stock Payments to Vendor, consisting of RSUs with a total market value of EUR 800,000. Each year, Vendor has the option to take up to forty percent (40%) of the Annual Restricted Stock Payment in cash instead of as Restricted Stock. Such a cash payment is to be paid in three equal payments on the three (3) following anniversaries of the Closing. The Parties hereby amend the Agreement to provide that on September 1, 2012 all deferred cash payments to be paid to Vendor under Section 3.6.2 on any of the anniversaries of the Closing shall accelerate and become due and payable on September 1, 2012 in a single payment. As of the Effective Date of this Amendment, Vendor is scheduled to receive cash payments of $\in 106,667$ on September 1, 2012; $\in 213,333$ on September 1, 2013; $\in 106,667$ on September 1, 2014; and $\in 106,667$ on September 1, 2015. All such amounts ($\in 533,333$) shall now become due and payable on September 1, 2012.

2. <u>Amendment to Section 3.6.2 of the Agreement – Acceleration of RSU Payments.</u> The Parties hereby amend the Agreement to provide that on September 1, 2013 all unvested Annual Restricted Stock Payments shall immediately accelerate and Parent shall issue such vested shares of common stock of the Parent to Vendor on September 1, 2013 in a single payment. As of the Effective Date of this Amendment, Vendor has been granted 75,680 RSU's that are scheduled to vest on September 1, 2012 and on September 1, 2013; and 50,675 RSU's that are scheduled to vest on September 1, 2014. All such RSUs (126,355 RSUs) as well as any RSUs granted to Vendor on September 1, 2012 shall now vest on September 1, 2013.

3. Change of Control of Parent.

If a Change in Control of Vendor occurs between the Effective Date and September 1, 2013, then (i) any and all restricted stock units then held by the Vendor shall immediately automatically fully vest and become immediately transferable free of restrictions, other than restrictions imposed by applicable law; and (ii) any cash scheduled to be paid to Vendor under Section 3.6.2 shall automatically fully vest and become due and payable. "Change in Control" shall mean any consolidation or merger of the Parent where the stockholders of the Parent, immediately prior to the consolidation or merger, would not, immediately after the consolidation or merger, beneficially own (as such term is defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Securities Exchange Act), directly or indirectly, shares of Stock representing in the aggregate 50% or more of the combined voting power of the securities of the corporation issuing cash or securities in the consolidation or merger (or of its ultimate parent corporation, if any).

4. <u>Miscellaneous</u>. This Amendment is limited precisely as written and shall not be deemed to be an amendment to, or waiver of, any other term or condition of the Agreement. Wherever the Agreement is referred to therein, such reference shall be to the Agreement as amended hereby. Except as expressly amended by this Amendment, all terms and conditions of the Agreement shall remain unchanged and in full force and effect.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have caused their respective authorized signatories to execute this Amendment as of the Effective Date.

Ventise Holding B.V.

By: /s/ E.J. van Dommelen

Name: E.J. van Dommelen Title: Managing Director

Ventise Holding B.V.

By: /s/ W.A.C. van der Heijden

Name: W.A.C. van der Heijden Title: Managing Director

SeaChange B.V.

By:

/s/ Raghu Rau
Name: Raghu Rau
Title: Chief Executive Officer

SeaChange International, Inc.

By:

/s/ Raghu Rau
Name: Raghu Rau
Title: Chief Executive Officer

November 28, 2012

SeaChange International, Inc. 50 Nagog Park Acton, Massachusetts 01720 Attn: Chief Financial Officer

Dear Mike:

We are pleased to advise you that based upon your annual financial statements for the fiscal year ended January 31, 2012, JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A. (the "Bank") has approved your request for a demand discretionary line of credit in the aggregate amount of \$20,000,000 (the "Facility"). Our officers may, at their discretion, make short term loans to SeaChange International, Inc. (the "Company"), which loans will be evidenced by a Demand Promissory Note in the form of Annex 1 attached hereto (as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "Note"). Our officers may also issue commercial and standby letters of credit for the account of or by application of the Company on such terms as are mutually agreed upon between us from time to time, provided that at the time the Company requests the issuance of a letter of credit, and after giving effect to the issuance thereof, the aggregate amount issued under all letters of credit shall not exceed \$5,000,000 and the aggregate amount outstanding of all loans and letters of credit hereunder shall not exceed at any time \$20,000,000.

Credit extended under this line is intended to be used to meet the Company's normal short term working capital and general corporate needs. Loans will bear interest at such a rate as shall be set forth in the Note. Letters of credit will be subject to such fees and charges as the Bank may require at the time of issuance.

The Company shall pay to the Bank an upfront fee equal to \$5,000 on or before the date hereof. As this line is not a commitment, credit availability is, in addition, subject to the Company's execution and delivery of such documentation as the Bank deems appropriate in its reasonable discretion and the receipt and continuing satisfaction with evidence of corporate power, authority and incumbency etc. and current financial information (including, without limitation, (a) within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year of the Company, delivery to the Bank of the Company's audited consolidated form 10K as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and (b) within 60 days after the end of each of the first three fiscal quarters of each fiscal year of the Company, delivery to the Bank of the Company's consolidated form 10Q as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission), which information will be furnished to the Bank as it may from time to time reasonably request, and continuing satisfaction with the Company's financial condition, business affairs and prospects and maintenance of a satisfactory relationship with the Bank. In addition, within 90 days of the date hereof, the Company shall, and shall cause each of its Domestic Subsidiaries (as hereinafter defined) and, unless otherwise agreed between the Bank and the Company, each of its subsidiaries organized in a foreign jurisdiction to, maintain its primary cash management and depository relationship (including, but not limited to, maintenance of all primary operating accounts) with the Bank. For the avoidance of doubt, any cash management and depository relationships entered into between the Bank or any of its affiliates, on the one hand, and any of the Company's foreign subsidiaries, on the other hand, and any related cash or other amounts, shall in no way constitute a guaranty of, or security for, any of the Obligations of the Company, nor shall any of the assets of such foreign subsidiaries secure any of the obligations of the Company. Unless demanded sooner, which demand may be made for any or no reason, this line of credit expires on November 27, 2013. If the Company requests that the Bank make an advance or issue a letter of credit, in each case, under the Facility, the Bank shall, within five (5) business days of such request, provide the Company with a written response to such request, and, to the extent the Bank agrees to make such advance or issue such letter of credit in accordance with the terms of the Facility, the Bank shall make such advance or issue such letter of credit within a reasonable time thereafter. The Company shall be permitted to terminate the Facility in its sole discretion; provided that the Company (i) give the Bank ten (10) days' prior written notice of such termination and (ii) repay in full any outstanding Obligations, or with respect to any outstanding letters of credit, cash collateralize in an amount not to exceed 105% of such letter of credit owed to the Bank under the Facility at such time.

As a condition to entering into this letter agreement and the line of credit contemplated hereby, the Bank shall require (i) a perfected first-priority security interest in all personal property assets of the Company (subject to any Permitted Encumbrances, as such term is defined in the Company Security Agreement, and other than Excluded Property, as such term is defined in the Company Security Agreement), as more fully described in that certain Security Agreement of even date herewith among the Bank and the Company (as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "Company Security Agreement"), securing all of the Secured Obligations arising from time to time, (ii) a Guaranty of even date herewith made by each subsidiary of the Company organized in a jurisdiction within the United States of America, each of which is listed on Schedule 1 attached hereto (each, a "Domestic Subsidiary" and, collectively, the "Domestic Subsidiaries") in favor of the Bank (each as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, a "Guaranty" and, collectively, the "Guaranties"), (iii) a perfected first-priority security interest in all personal property assets of each guarantor under a Guaranty (subject to any Permitted Encumbrances, as such term is defined in the applicable Guarantor Security Agreement, and other than Excluded Property, as such term is defined in the applicable Guarantor Security Agreement), as more fully described in those certain Security Agreements each of even date herewith among the Bank and a guarantor under a Guaranty (together, as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "Guarantor Security Agreements"), (iv) a pledge of (a) 100% of the issued and outstanding equity interests of each Domestic Subsidiary and (b) 65% of the issued and outstanding equity interests of each first tier foreign subsidiary directly owned by the Company other than those foreign subsidiaries listed on Schedule 2 attached hereto, as more fully described in that certain Pledge Agreement of even date herewith among the Company and the Bank (as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "Company Pledge Agreement") and (v) a pledge of (a) 100% of the issued and outstanding equity interests of each Domestic Subsidiary and (b) 65% of the issued and outstanding equity interests of each first tier foreign subsidiary directly owned by each Domestic Subsidiary other than those foreign subsidiaries listed on Schedule 2 attached hereto, as more fully described in those certain Pledge Agreements each of even date herewith among a Domestic Subsidiary and the Bank (together, as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, the "Subsidiary Pledge Agreements" and, collectively, with this letter agreement, the Note, the Company Security Agreement, the Guaranties, the Guarantor Security Agreements, and the Company Pledge Agreement, the "Facility Documents"), securing all of the Secured Obligations arising from time to time. "Secured Obligations" means all loans, all draws under any Letter of Credit, the aggregate maximum undrawn face amount of each Letter of Credit outstanding, and all other advances to, all accrued interest, all fees hereunder, and all other debts, liabilities, obligations, covenants and duties of, the Company arising hereunder whether direct or indirect, absolute or contingent, due or to become due, now existing or hereafter arising and including in respect of all swap and interest rate protection arrangements and other banking services, and further including interest and fees that accrue after the commencement by or against the Company of any proceeding under any bankruptcy, insolvency or similar laws, regardless of whether such interest and fees are allowed claims in such proceeding.

The Company hereby represents and warrants that its wholly-owned subsidiary Vividlogic, Inc., a Delaware corporation ("VividLogic US"), has no material assets other than 100% of the issued and outstanding equity interests in VividLogic (India) Private Ltd. ("VividLogic India") and 100% of the issued and outstanding equity interests in Masterlogic, Inc., a California corporation ("Masterlogic") and conducts no material activity, and that neither VividLogic India nor Masterlogic has any material assets or conducts any material activity. In addition, within 90 days of the date hereof, the Company agrees that it will either dissolve Masterlogic or merge Masterlogic into VividLogic US and that it will either dissolve VividLogic US or merge VividLogic US into the Company, and will provide evidence reasonably satisfactory to the Bank of each such dissolution or merger. In the event the Company does not dissolve or merge either Masterlogic or VividLogic US as set forth in the previous sentence, the Bank may require (i) a perfected first-priority security interest in all assets of VividLogic US and/or Masterlogic, as applicable (subject to any Permitted Encumbrances, as such term is defined in the Guarantor Security Agreement, and other than Excluded Property, as such term is defined in the Guarantor Security Agreement) pursuant to a security agreement in substantially the form of the Guarantor Security Agreement, (ii) a guaranty by VividLogic US and/or Masterlogic, as applicable, in favor of the Bank in substantially the form of the Guaranty, (iii) a pledge of 100% of the issued and outstanding equity interests of VividLogic US and/or Masterlogic, as applicable, pursuant to a pledge agreement in substantially the form of the Company Pledge Agreement, and (iv) a pledge of 65% of the issued and outstanding equity interests of VividLogic India pursuant to a pledge agreement in substantially the form of the Subsidiary Pledge Agreement.

The Company further represents and warrants that each of its first-tier foreign subsidiaries listed on Schedule 2 attached hereto has no material assets and conducts no material activity. In addition, within 270 days of the date hereof, the Company agrees that it will either dissolve such foreign subsidiaries or merge them into the Company, and will provide evidence reasonably satisfactory to the Bank of such dissolution or merger. In the event the Company does not dissolve or merge any of such foreign subsidiaries as set forth in the previous sentence, the Bank may require a pledge by the Company or, as applicable, a Domestic Subsidiary (as hereinafter defined), of 65% of the issued and outstanding equity interests of each such first-tier foreign subsidiary that is not dissolved or merged.

The Company shall reimburse the Bank on demand for all reasonable costs, expenses and charges (including without limitation fees and charges of external legal counsel for the Bank) incurred by the Bank in connection with the preparation, performance or enforcement of this letter agreement and the Facility. The obligations of the Company under this paragraph shall survive the termination of this letter agreement and the Facility.

This letter, together with the other Facility Documents, constitute the entire understanding between the Bank and the Company and supersedes all prior discussions with respect to the subject matter hereof.

[Signature Page Follows]

Very truly yours,

JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as Bank

/s/ J. Dowden
J. Dowden
Senior Vice President By: Name: Title:

Accepted and Agreed to:

SEACHANGE INTERNATIONAL, INC., the Company

/s/ Michael D. Bornak Michael D. Bornak By: Name: Title: Chief Financial Officer

Annex 1

DEMAND PROMISSORY NOTE

\$20,000,000 New York, New York
November 28, 2012

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, SEACHANGE INTERNATIONAL, INC. (the "Borrower"), HEREBY ABSOLUTELY AND UNCONDITIONALLY PROMISES TO PAY to the order of JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A. (the "Bank"), at its offices located at 270 Park Avenue, New York, New York 10017 or at such other place as the Bank or any holder hereof may from time to time designate, the principal sum of TWENTY MILLION DOLLARS (\$20,000,000), or such lesser amount as may constitute the outstanding balance hereof, in lawful money of the United States, ON DEMAND or, if earlier, on the Maturity Date (as hereinafter defined) set forth on the Bank's books and records, which may be electronic in nature, and to pay interest in like money at such office or place from the date hereof on the unpaid principal balance of each Loan (as hereinafter defined) made hereunder at a rate equal to the Applicable Interest Rate (as hereinafter defined and computed on the basis of the actual number of days elapsed on the basis of a 360-day year) for such Loan, which shall be payable in arrears ON DEMAND, or, if earlier, on the last day of the Interest Period (as hereinafter defined) relating to such Loan and, if such Interest Period is greater than three (3) months, at three (3) month intervals after such Loan is made, until such Loan shall be due and payable (whether on demand, at maturity, by acceleration or otherwise). Interest on any past due amount, whether at the due date thereof or by acceleration or upon default, shall be payable at a rate two percent (2%) per annum above the Applicable Interest Rate being charged on such Loan, which rate shall be computed for actual number of days elapsed on the basis of a 360-day year and shall be adjusted as of the date of each such change, but in no event higher than the maximum permitted under applicable law.

The Borrower authorizes the Bank to charge to the Borrower's primary operating account identified by the account number 000000789932571, which the Borrower maintains with the Bank, the principal, interest, fees, charges, taxes and expenses provided for in this demand promissory note or any other document executed or delivered in connection herewith.

The Bank may also issue commercial and standby letters of credit for the account of or by application of the Borrower on such terms as are mutually agreed upon between the Bank and the Borrower from time to time, provided that at the time the Borrower requests the issuance of a letter of credit, and after giving effect to the issuance thereof, the aggregate amount issued under all letters of credit shall not exceed \$5,000,000 and the aggregate amount outstanding of all loans and letters of credit hereunder shall not exceed at any time \$20,000,000.

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Interest

The Bank is authorized to enter on its books and records, which may be electronic in nature, (i) the amount of each Loan made from time to time hereunder, (ii) the date on which each Loan is made, (iii) the date on which each Loan shall be due and payable to the Bank, provided that, unless sooner demanded, all Loans outstanding shall be due and payable no later than November 27, 2013 (the "Maturity Date"), (iv) the interest rate agreed between the Borrower and the Bank as the interest rate to be paid to the Bank on each Loan (each such rate, the "Applicable Interest Rate"), which rate shall be at (a) the Adjusted LIBO Rate (as hereinafter defined) plus the Applicable Margin (the "LIBOR Loan(s)") or, if, as provided herein, LIBOR Loans are not available, (b) the CB Floating Rate plus the Applicable Margin (the "CB Floating Rate Loan(s)" and, collectively with the LIBOR Loan(s) the "Loans"), (v) the amount of each payment made hereunder, and (vi) the outstanding principal balance of the Loans hereunder from time to time. The date, amount, rate of interest (including any Applicable Margin) and maturity date of each Loan and payment(s) (if any) of principal, the Loan(s) to which such payment(s) will be applied (which shall be at the discretion of the Bank) and the outstanding principal balance of Loans shall be recorded by the Bank on its books and records (which may be electronic in nature) and at any time and from time to time may be, and shall be prior to any transfer and delivery of this Note, entered by the Bank on a schedule to be attached to this Note by the Bank (at the discretion of the Bank, any such entries may aggregate Loans (and payments thereon) with the same interest rate and tenor and, if made on a given date, may show only the Loans outstanding on such date). Any such entries shall be conclusive in the absence of manifest error. The failure by the Bank to make any or all such entries shall not relieve the Borrower from its obligation to pay any and all amounts due hereunder.

Prepayment

The Borrower shall have the right to prepay any Loan prior to the Maturity Date of such Loan. In the event the Borrower prepays a LIBOR Loan prior to the end of the Applicable Interest Period therefor, the Borrower shall compensate the Bank on demand for any loss incurred or to be incurred by it in the reemployment of the funds released by any prepayment as calculated in accordance with the second paragraph of the Section captioned <u>Indemnity.</u>

Discretionary Loans by the Bank

The Bank, pursuant to a line letter (the "Line Letter Agreement") dated as of November 28, 2012 has approved an uncommitted line of credit to the Borrower in a principal amount not to exceed the face amount of this Note. The execution and delivery of this Note and the acceptance by the Bank of this Note shall not be deemed or construed to create any contractual commitment to lend by the Bank to the Borrower. The line of credit is in the form of advances made from time to time by the Bank in its sole and absolute discretion to the Borrower. This note evidences the Borrower's obligations to repay those advances. The aggregate outstanding principal amount of debt evidenced by this Note is the amount so reflected from time to time in the records of the Bank. Any Loan shall be in a minimum principal amount of \$250,000 and in increments of \$100,000. Each such request for a Loan shall be made in writing, in form and substance satisfactory to the Bank, by any officer of the Borrower or any person designated in writing by any such officer, all of which are hereby designated and authorized by the Borrower to request Loans and agree to the terms thereof (including without limitation the Applicable Interest Rate and Maturity Date with respect thereto). The Borrower shall give the Bank notice at least three (3) Business Days prior to the date hereof and the end of each Interest Period (as hereafter defined) specifying whether the Loan shall bear interest at the LIBO Rate and the Interest Period applicable thereto. Same Business Day's notice by noon on the day of the proposed CB Floating Rate Loan is required. In the event the Borrower shall fail to provide such notice, the Loan shall be deemed to bear interest at the applicable CB Floating Rate. The principal amount of each Loan shall be prepaid on the earliest to occur of (i) DEMAND by the Bank, (ii) the Maturity Date applicable thereto, or (iii) the date upon which the entire unpaid balance hereof shall otherwise become due and payable.

Additional Costs

If any applicable domestic or foreign law, treaty, government rule or regulation now or later in effect (whether or not it now applies to the Bank) or the interpretation or administration thereof by a governmental authority charged with such interpretation or administration, or compliance by the Bank with any guideline, request or directive of such an authority (whether or not having the force of law), shall (a) affect the basis of taxation of payments to the Bank of any amounts payable by the Borrower under this Note or any other agreements or instruments executed in connection herewith ("Related Documents") (other than taxes imposed on the overall net income of the Bank, any franchise taxes imposed on the Bank (in lieu of net income taxes) and any branch profits taxes imposed on the Bank by the jurisdiction or by any political subdivision or taxing authority of the jurisdiction in which the Bank is organized or has its principal office), or (b) impose, modify or deem applicable any reserve, special deposit or similar requirement (including, without limitation, Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation deposit insurance premiums or assessments) against assets of, deposits with or for the account of, or credit extended by the Bank, or (c) impose any other condition or expense with respect to this Note or the other Related Documents and the result of any of the foregoing is to increase the cost to the Bank of extending, maintaining or funding any Loan or to reduce the amount of any sum receivable by the Bank on any Loan, or (d) affect the amount of capital or liquidity required or expected to be maintained by the Bank (or any corporation controlling the Bank) and the Bank determines that the amount of such capital is increased by or based upon the existence of the Bank's obligations under this Note or the other Related Documents and the increase has the effect of reducing the rate of return on the Bank's (or its controlling corporation's) capital as a consequence of the obligations under this Note or the other Related Documents to a level below that which the Bank (or its controlling corporation) could have achieved but for such circumstances (taking into consideration its policies with respect to capital adequacy and liquidity) by an amount deemed by the Bank to be material, then the Borrower shall pay to the Bank, from time to time, upon request by the Bank, additional amounts sufficient to compensate the Bank for the increased cost or reduced sum receivable. Whenever the Bank shall learn of circumstances described in this section which are likely to result in additional costs to the Borrower, the Bank shall give prompt written notice to the Borrower of the basis for and the estimated amount of any such anticipated additional costs. A statement as to the amount of the increased cost or reduced sum receivable, prepared in good faith and in reasonable detail by the Bank and submitted by the Bank to the Borrower, shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes absent manifest error in computation. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, (i) the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act and all requests, rules, guidelines or directives thereunder or issued in connection therewith or in implementation thereof and (ii) all requests, rules, guidelines or directives promulgated by the Bank for International Settlements, the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (or any successor or similar authority) or the United States or regulatory authorities, in each case pursuant to Basel III, shall in each case apply to the provisions of this paragraph, regardless of the date enacted, adopted or issued.

Illegality

If any applicable domestic or foreign law, treaty, rule or regulation now or later in effect (whether or not it now applies to the Bank) or the interpretation or administration thereof by a governmental authority charged with such interpretation or administration, or compliance by the Bank with any guideline, request or directive of such an authority (whether or not having the force of law), shall make it unlawful or impossible for the Bank to maintain or fund the LIBOR Loans, then, upon notice to the Borrower by the Bank, the outstanding principal amount of the LIBOR Loans, together with accrued interest and any other amounts payable to the Bank under this Note or the other Related Documents on account of the LIBOR Loans shall be repaid (a) immediately upon the Bank's demand if such change or compliance with such requests, in the Bank's judgment, requires immediate repayment, or (b) at the expiration of the last Interest Period to expire before the effective date of any such change or request provided, however, that subject to the terms and conditions of this Note and the other Related Documents the Borrower shall be entitled to simultaneously replace the entire outstanding balance of any LIBOR Loan repaid in accordance with this section with a CB Floating Rate Loan in the same amount.

Indemnity

The Borrower shall indemnify the Bank against (i) any loss or expense which the Bank sustains or incurs as a consequence of the occurrence of any Event of Default and (ii) any loss or expense sustained or incurred including in connection with obtaining, liquidating or employing deposits from third parties as a consequence of the conversion of any Loan from one interest rate to another or the payment of any principal of any LIBOR Loan by the Borrower (in either case, pursuant to a default, change in legality or otherwise) on any day other than the last day of an Interest Period, or the failure by the Borrower to borrow or prepay, convert or continue any LIBOR Loan or part thereof once notice has been given.

Such indemnification may include an amount equal to the excess, if any of (i) the amount of interest which would have accrued on the amount so prepaid or converted, or not so borrowed, prepaid, converted or continued, for the period from the date of such prepayment or conversion or of such failure to borrow, prepay, convert or continue to the last day of such Interest Period (or, in the case of a failure to borrow, convert or continue, the interest that would have commenced on the date of such failure) at the applicable rate of interest for such Loans provided for herein over (ii) the amount of interest (as reasonably determined by the Bank) which would have accrued to the Bank on such amount by placing such amount on deposit for a comparable period with leading banks in the London interbank market. The Bank shall provide to the Borrower a statement, supported where applicable by documentary evidence, explaining the amount of any such loss or expense, which statement shall be conclusive absent manifest error.

Inability to Determine Interest Rate

If the Bank determines that (a) quotations of interest rates for the relevant deposits referred to in the definition of LIBO Rate are not being provided for purposes of determining the interest rate on a LIBOR Loan as provided in this Note, or (b) the relevant interest rates referred to in the definition of Adjusted LIBO Rate do not accurately cover the cost to the Bank of making, funding or maintaining LIBOR Loans, then the Bank shall further at the Bank's option, give notice of such circumstances to the Borrower, whereupon (i) the obligation of the Bank to make LIBOR Loans shall be suspended until the Bank notifies the Borrower that the circumstances giving rise to the suspension no longer exists and (ii) the Borrower shall repay in full the then outstanding principal amount of each LIBOR Loan, together with accrued interest, on the last day of the then current Interest Period applicable to the LIBOR Loan, provided, however, that, subject to the terms and conditions of this Note and the other Related Documents, the Borrower shall be entitled to simultaneously replace the entire outstanding balance of any LIBOR Loan repaid in accordance with this section with a Loan bearing interest at the CB Floating Rate plus the Applicable Margin for CB Floating Rate Loans in the same amount. If the Bank determines on any day that quotations of interest rates for the relevant deposits referred to in the definition of Adjusted One Month LIBOR Rate are not being provided for purposes of determining the interest rate on any CB Floating Rate Loan until the Bank determines that quotations of interest rates for the relevant deposits referred to in the definition of Adjusted One Month LIBOR Rate are being provided.

Events of Default

In the event of: (a) default in the prompt payment of principal, interest or any other amounts or compensation due under this Note; (b) any default in the performance of or compliance with any obligation, agreement or other provision of this Note by the Borrower (other than as provided in the immediately preceding clause (a)) and such default shall continue unremedied (or uncured) for 30 days; (c) any default in the performance of or compliance with any obligation, agreement or other provision of the Line Letter Agreement; (d) any "Default" under, as defined in that certain Pledge Agreement of even date herewith by and between the Borrower and the Bank; or (e) any "Default" under, and as defined in that certain Security Agreement of even date herewith by and between the Borrower and the Bank; then in any such event, in addition to all rights and remedies of the Bank under applicable law; and otherwise, all such rights and remedies cumulative, not exclusive and enforceable alternatively, successively and concurrently, the Bank may, at its option, declare any and all of the amounts owing under this Note to be due and payable, whereupon the maturity of the then unpaid balance hereof shall be accelerated and the same, together with all interest accrued hereon, shall forthwith become due and payable provided, however, that if a Bankruptcy Event (as defined herein) shall have occurred, all amounts owing under this Note shall be immediately due and payable without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind, all of which are expressly waived by the Borrower. Further, acceptance of any payments shall not waive or affect any prior demand or acceleration of amounts due hereunder, and each such payment made shall be applied first to the payment of accrued interest, then to the aggregate unpaid principal or otherwise as determined by the Bank in its sole discretion.

Definitions

A. Adjusted LIBO Rate

"Adjusted LIBO Rate" shall mean, with respect to any LIBOR Loan for any Interest Period, an interest rate per annum equal to the product of (i) the LIBO Rate in effect for such Interest Period and (ii) Statutory Reserves.

B. Adjusted One Month LIBOR Rate

"Adjusted One Month LIBOR Rate" shall mean, with respect to CB Floating Rate Loans, an interest rate per annum equal to the sum of (i) 2.50% per annum *plus* (ii) the Adjusted LIBO Rate for a one month Interest Period on such day (or if such day is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day); *provided* that, for the avoidance of doubt, the Adjusted LIBO Rate for any day shall be based on the rate appearing on the Page (as defined in I below) at approximately 11:00 a.m. London time on such day.

C. Applicable Margin

"Applicable Margin" shall mean, (i) with respect to any CB Floating Rate Loan, 0% and (ii) with respect to each LIBOR Loan, 2.375%.

D. Bankruptcy Event

"Bankruptcy Event" shall mean, with respect to the Borrower, the Borrower becomes the subject of a bankruptcy or insolvency proceeding, or has had a receiver, conservator, trustee, administrator, custodian, assignee for the benefit of creditors or similar person or entity charged with the reorganization or liquidation of its business appointed for it, or, in the good faith determination of the Bank, has taken any action in furtherance of, or indicating its consent to, approval of, or acquiescence in, any such proceeding or appointment, <u>provided</u> that a Bankruptcy Event shall not result solely by virtue of any ownership interest, or the acquisition of any ownership interest, in the Borrower by a Governmental Authority or instrumentality thereof, <u>provided</u>, <u>further</u>, that such ownership interest does not result in or provide the Borrower with immunity from the jurisdiction of courts within the United States or from the enforcement of judgments or writs of attachment on its assets or permit the Borrower (or such Governmental Authority or instrumentality) to reject, repudiate, disavow or disaffirm any contracts or agreements made by the Borrower.

E. Business Day

A "Business Day" shall mean, (i) with respect to the Adjusted One Month LIBOR Rate and any borrowings, payment or rate selection of LIBOR Loans, any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which the Bank is authorized or required by law or regulation to close, and which is a day on which transactions in dollar deposits are being carried on in the London interbank market and in New York City and (ii) for all other purposes, a day other than Saturday, Sunday or any other day in which national banking associations are authorized to be closed.

F. CB Floating Rate

"CB Floating Rate" shall mean the Prime Rate; <u>provided</u> that the CB Floating Rate shall never be less than the Adjusted One Month LIBOR Rate for a one month Interest Period on such day (or if such day is not a Business Day, the immediately preceding Business Day). Any change in the CB Floating Rate due to a change in the Prime Rate or the Adjusted One Month LIBOR Rate shall be effective from and including the effective date of such change in the Prime Rate or the Adjusted One Month LIBOR Rate, respectively.

G. Governmental Authority

"Governmental Authority" shall mean the government of the United States of America, any other nation or any political subdivision thereof, whether state, provincial or local, and any agency, authority, instrumentality, regulatory body, court, central bank or other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government.

H. Interest Period

- (i) For LIBOR Loans, "Interest Period" shall mean the period commencing on the date of such Loan and ending on the numerically corresponding day that is 1, 2, 3 or 6 calendar months thereafter (as selected by the Borrower and recorded on the Bank's records, which may be electronic in nature).
- (ii) For CB Floating Rate, "Interest Period" shall mean the period agreed to by the parties hereto.

If any Interest Period would end on a day which shall not be a Business Day, such Interest Period shall be extended to the next succeeding Business Day unless with respect to LIBOR Loans, such next succeeding Business Day would fall in the next calendar month, in which case (x) such Interest Period shall end on the first preceding Business Day and (y) the Interest Period for any LIBOR Loan that commences on the last Business Day of a calendar month (or on a day for which there is no numerically corresponding day in the last calendar month of such Interest Period) shall end on the last Business Day of the last calendar month of such Interest Period. Furthermore, no Interest Period may extend beyond the Maturity Date.

I. LIBO Rate

"LIBO Rate" shall mean, with respect to any LIBOR Loan for any Interest Period, the interest rate determined by the Bank by reference to Reuters Screen LIBOR01, formerly known as Page 3750 of the Moneyline Telerate Service (together with any successor or substitute, the "Service") or any successor or substitute page of the Service providing rate quotations comparable to those currently provided onsuch page of the Service, as determined by the Bank from time to time for purposes of providing quotations of interest rates applicable to dollar deposits in the London interbank market (the "Page"), to be the rate at approximately 11:00 a.m. London time, two Business Days prior to the commencement of the Interest Period for dollar deposits with a maturity equal to such Interest Period. If no LIBO Rate is available to the Bank, the applicable LIBO Rate for the relevant Interest Period shall instead be the rate determined by the Bank to be the rate at which the Bank offers to place U.S. dollar deposits having a maturity equal to such Interest Period with first-class banks in the London interbank market at approximately 11:00 a.m. (London time) two Business Days prior to the first day of such Interest Period.

J. Prime Rate

"Prime Rate" shall mean the rate of interest as is publicly announced by the Bank from time to time as its Prime Rate. The Prime Rate is a variable rate and each change in the Prime Rate is effective from and including the date this change is announced as being effective. THE PRIME RATE IS A REFERENCE RATE AND MAY NOT BE THE BANK'S LOWEST RATE.

K. Statutory Reserves

"Statutory Reserves" shall mean a fraction (expressed as a decimal, the numerator of which is the number one and the denominator of which is the number one minus the aggregate of the maximum reserve percentages (including, without limitation, any marginal, special emergency or supplemental reserves) expressed as a decimal established by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and any other banking authority to which the Bank is subject, with respect to the Adjusted LIBO Rate, for "Eurocurrency liabilities" as defined in Regulation D. LIBOR Loans shall be deemed to constitute Eurocurrency liabilities and as such shall be deemed to be subject to such reserve requirements without benefit of or credit for proration, exceptions or offsets which may be available from time to time to the Bank under such Regulation D. Statutory Reserves shall be adjusted automatically on and as of the effective date of any change in any reserve percentage.

Set-Off

The Bank retains all rights of setoff that it may have by law, in equity or otherwise.

Miscellaneous

The Borrower hereby waives diligence, demand, presentment, protest and notice of any kind, and assents to extensions of the time of payment, release, surrender or substitution of security, or forbearance or other indulgence, without notice.

This Note may not be changed, modified or terminated orally, but only by an agreement in writing signed by the party to be charged and consented to in writing by the party hereof.

The Bank reserves the right to assign or sell participations in the Loans or the Note to any entity (including to any Federal Reserve Bank in accordance with applicable law) and to provide any assignee or participant or prospective assignee or participant with information of the Borrower previously received by the Bank, subject to confidentiality requirements. Assignment to an entity other than any Federal Reserve Bank in accordance with applicable law shall require the prior written consent of the Borrower, not to be unreasonably withheld, unless a default is continuing hereunder.

The Borrower hereby authorizes the Bank and any other holder of an interest in this Note (a "Holder") to disclose confidential information relating to the financial condition or operations of the Borrower (i) to any director, officer, employee or affiliate of the Bank or any Holder, (ii) to any purchaser or prospective purchaser of an interest in any Loan (subject to reasonable confidentiality arrangements)(iii) to legal counsel, accountants, and other professional advisors to the Bank or any Holder, (iv) to regulatory officials, (v) as requested or required by law, regulation, or legal process or (vi) in connection with any legal proceeding to which the Bank or any other Holder is a party.

In the event the Bank or any holder hereof shall refer this Note to an attorney for collection, the Borrower agrees to pay, in addition to unpaid principal and interest, all the reasonable costs and expenses incurred in attempting or effecting collection hereunder, including reasonable attorney's fees of internal or outside counsel, whether or not suit is instituted.

This Note shall be cancelled and the original returned to the Borrower when all amounts due hereunder, including interest and fees, have been paid in full and the Line Letter Agreement is terminated.

In the event of any litigation with respect to this Note, THE BORROWER WAIVES THE RIGHT TO A TRIAL BY JURY and all rights of setoff and rights to interpose counter-claims and cross-claims. The Borrower hereby irrevocably consents to the jurisdiction of the courts of the State of New York and of any Federal court located in such State in connection with any action or proceeding arising out of or relating to this Note. The execution and delivery of this Note has been authorized by the Board of Directors and by any necessary vote or consent of the stockholders of the Borrower. The Borrower hereby authorizes the Bank to complete this Note in any particulars according to the terms of the loan evidenced hereby. This Note shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York applicable to contract made and to be performed in such State, and shall be binding upon the successors and assigns of the Borrower and inure to the benefit of the Bank, its successors, endorsees and assigns.

[Signature Page Follows]

EXECUTION VERSION

If any term or provision of this Note shall be held invalid, illegal or unenforceable the validity of all other terms and provisions hereof shall in no way be affected thereby.

SEACHANGE INTERNATIONAL, INC.

 By:
 /s/ Michael D. Bornak

 Name:
 Michael D. Bornak

 Title:
 Chief Financial Officer

Schedule 1

Domestic Subsidiaries

SeaChange Holdings, Inc.

EXECUTION VERSION

Schedule 2

Foreign Subsidiaries Directly Owned by the Company to be Merged Away or Dissolved

Name	Jurisdiction/Country	
SeaChange India Private Limited	India	
(Note: The Company has two subsidiaries in India: (i) SeaChange India	Private Limited, and (ii) Vividlogic (India) Private Limited. The Company intends to dissolve one of the	
two Indian subsidiaries, or to merge one of the two Indian subsidiaries in	ito the other.)	
2. SeaChange Korea LLC	Korea	
3. SeaChange US PTY Limited	Australia	
4. SeaChange LLC	Russia	
Foreign Subsidiaries Directly Own	ed by SeaChange Holdings, Inc. to be Merged Away or Dissolved	
Name	Jurisdiction/Country	
1. Cambio Maritimo Mexico, S.de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	

CERTIFICATION

I, Raghu Rau, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of SeaChange International, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a 15(f) and 15d 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: December 7, 2012

/S/ RAGHU RAU

Raghu Rau Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

CERTIFICATION

I, Michael D. Bornak, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of SeaChange International, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a 15(f) and 15d 15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: December 7, 2012

/S/ MICHAEL D. BORNAK

Michael D. Bornak Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President, Finance and Administration, Treasurer and Secretary (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of SeaChange International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending October 31, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Raghu Rau, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Name: Raghu Rau
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Dated: December 7, 2012

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of SeaChange International, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending October 31, 2012 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Michael D. Bornak, Chief Financial Officer, Senior Vice President, Finance and Administration, Treasurer and Secretary of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Name: /s/ MICHAEL D. BORNAK
Nichael D. Bornak
Title: Chief Financial Officer,

Senior Vice President, Finance and Administration, Treasurer and Secretary

Dated: December 7, 2012